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THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

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VOL. 37. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1902. NO. 38.

BRIEF MENTION.

Fall and winter overcoats at N. Seger's.

John W. Norris' residence on Fifth street is nearing completion.

Go to N. Seger's for your clothing. The largest line of ready made clothing in the county to select from.

The C. S. C., are planning to entertain in City Hall on Thanksgiving evening. Look for further notice.

Frank Getz, a brakeman on the P. & E., was severely injured on Monday morning by being caught between the cars near St. Marys.

Contractor Cramer is pushing the work on the opera house and hopes to have the remodeling completed within a few days.

All Smokers smoke the 'W. H. Mayer" hand made cigar, the best five cent cigar on the market. Be sure you ask for it. 24-tf.

The old reliable clothier N. Seger is prepared to fit you with the best the market affords in the clothing line and you will find that his prices are considerably lower consistent with the quality you receive.

SHAW'S PURE MALT.—Perfect as a beverage of medicine. It prevents chills and tones up the system. It exhilarates and does not poison.
Sold By
36-47-ly F. X. BLUMLE.

A local sportsman says that the coming winter will be a severe one. He bases his prognostications on the fact that the hide of squirrels is so thick this fall that it can hardly be cut with a knife. He says he has hunted for a good many years and has yet failed to find that when the squirrels' hide is thick and tough a sever winter follows.—Warren Mirror.

Times will never be better than they are now. If you are not making money now it is because you are in the wrong business or don't know how. If you are making money, the thing to do is to salt it away somewhere where it will work for you when the lean years come or when you are sick and old. The time to save money is when you are making it.—Bolivar Breeze.

At a prayer meeting recently held in a nearby town the minister asked the congregation to bow their heads in prayer. He called on different ones present to make responses. Finally he said, "Brother Jones?" Receiving no response he elevated his voice and said, "Brother Jones, will you lead?" The one addressed aroused from his nap and blurted out: "Go to thunder! It aint my lead, I just dealt."

Following are the rules for proper breathing. After retiring at night, release body and mind from all tension and take full and regular inhalations through your nostrils; hold the breath about one second; take all the time you can to exhale it; keep this up until you are weary or fall asleep. 2—When you awake in the morning repeat the exercise for at least five minutes; longer, if time permits. 3—During the day take as many full respirations as exhalations. While taking these exercises, one should bear in mind the thought that he is inhaling new life and power.

The largest compact body of land owned by the state, is the forest preserve of some 120,000 acres in the central part of the state lying in the counties of Union, Snyder, Miffin, Centre and Huntingdon, says a Wellsboro exchange. In Potter county where the state has just recently acquired a compact body of 35,000 acres of forest lands, a fact worthy of note is to be related that in one warrant No. 1191 Allegheny township—within half a mile of each other and just north of the state perserve waters flow into three great rivers—namely—the Susquehanna, the Allegheny and the Genesee—all rising from springs in this township.

Says the Youngstown Vindicator: 'A man usually gets more fun out of his enemies than good out of his friends Indeed, it is a question whether it is more a satisfaction to have a man your friend or your inveterate foe. To annoy, humiliate and defeat the latter is likely more gratifying than to oblige or aid the friend. "Revenge is sweet." Hatred produces honey, while friendship is a namby-pamby producer of soft sentiment generally as insipid as credit pink-tea. There's a virile glory in glutting ire. and wading around in human gore. That's the reason war's always been held such heroic happiness, and that fatal duels so delight the survivor. Think of a sound strong man capering in a lady's chamber and making a monkey of himself to the soft melody of the lascivious lute! Bah! Peace and clemency and charity for babes! Riot, rage and red-headed war for men!"

New Druggist.

W. F. Cool and family, of Buffalo, N. Y., have located in Emporium, Mr. Cool having accepted a position in Taggart's drug store. He is a first-class druggist, a graduate of Buffalo School of Pharmacy.

Barn Burned.

Last Sunday evening, about 9:30 o'clock the large barn, owned by D. S. McDonald estate, was discovered to be on fire, and burned fiercely before assistance arrived. H. A. Zarps and Jas. Wright rescued the horses just in time. Our fire department responded promptly but could not work to advantage, owing to the scarcity of water, or low pressure. The building and contents were a total loss

Baptist Church Notes.

Preaching morning and evening by the pastor, morning subject "The Holy Spirit;" evening, "A Sour Grape." Bible school at the close of morning worship, C. E. Crandell Supt. Y. P. S. C.E., Sunday evening 6 o'clock, B. Olmsted president Prayer meeting Wednesday evening 7.30. All welcome. Don't miss the benedictory song service at the close of the evening service.

Piper—Brooks.

William Thomas Piper of Austin and Grace Leah Brooks of Sinnemahoning were united in marriage at the parsonage of the First Methodist Episcopal church last Tuesday evening by the Rev. O. S. Metzler in the presence of members of the respective families. Mr. Piper is a druggist in Austin and a young man of much promise while Miss Brooks is one of Sinnemahoning's most highly esteemed and accomplished young ladies. They will reside in Austin.

Struck Oil Near Lock Haven.

Last Saturday oil was struck at Lock Haven in the well on the Gummo farm in the Tangascootac region. The Oil and Gas Co., was formed about a year ago and is composed mostly of Toronto, Canada capitalists. The oil is pronounced to be of a fine quality—better, in fact, than the product of wells of established fields.

Another Oil and Gas Co., has been organized composed of Lock Haven capitalists, who have leased 100 acres of land a short distance from the Gummo farm and a well will be started soon.

Mr. Dornan's Leg was Amputated.

To settle the question as to whether or not it would be advisable to amputate Mr. H. C. Dornan's leg which was broken in the accident of a week ago Dr. Roswell Park, the eminent surgeon of Buffalo, was summoned here Saturday evening. He immediately decided that amputation was the wisest course to pursue, and the operation was performed that night, requiring about twenty-five minutes' time. The member was severed about an inch above the knee, and the knee cap and skin brought down over the end of the severed bone, making a long anterior flap and a sort of cushion for the bone. In this manner it was possible to put all the necessary stitches at the back of the leg. It is considered that after Mr. Dornan secures an artifical limb he will be able to walk better and with greater ease than he has for several years When an opening was made at the knee it was found that the joint had become solidified, even the knee cap having become adhered to the bone, requiring considerable work to remove it The operation was considered a very successful one, and it is expected that Mr. Dornan's recovery will be rapid.—Coudersport Enterprise.

Popularity of "Seventy-seven."

The popularity of "Seventy-seven," Dr. Humphreys' Famous Specific for Grip and Colds, is due to:
The cures and the way they are made.
The quickness of the cure—breaking up a cold promptly.
The completeness of the cure—no ill effects left behind.
The tonic effect—the energy is sustained during and after the cold.
The convenience—a small bottle of pleasant pellets that fits the vest pocket.
At all Druggists 25 cents, or mailed on receipt of price. Doctor's book mailed free.
Humphrey's Homeopathic Medicine Co., Corner William and John streets, New York.

In daily life most woman are not particularly frank about their likes and their prejudices. They will often speak enthusiastic of those whom in reality they cannot bear, and they do it lest they may seem envious or malicious. Likewise, in summing up the qualities they like or dislike, they are not perfectly sincere. Rafford Pyke attempts in The Cosmopolitan for November to answer the question "What Do Women Like in Woman?"—a difficult inquiry, and one which can be answered only by observation of women who are truly loved by other women, and of whom they speak with serious respect.

The Brockway Grand Concert Company.

The managers of the Star Course are entitled to the thanks of their patrons for the high quality of the musical entertainment with which the course was opened Tuesday evening. The applause, frequent and hearty, was a gratifying proof that our public knows how to enjoy the artistic rendering of music of a higher order than that which is commonly called popular. The Brockway Grand Concert Company is a strong combination throughout. Mr. Woodard, the violinist, is a nephew of Mr. Butler who appeared in the Star Course last year.

Mr. Woodard plays with a quiet abandon, which imparts to his music, such an immediacy and pervasiveness as render the eurapt hearer almost unconscious of the artist and his instrument. Miss Bentley's rendering of Chopin's "Polonaise Militaire" was especially pleasing, as was also the Spring Song duet by Mrs. Alton Littleton Smith and Mr. Carberry. A delight to lovers of Browning was Mr. Carberry's rendering of the poet's lyric "Marching Along."

Every Day Thoughts.

Some men take it as a sort of a joke on them to be called—mister.

Every man who takes charge of a business thinks he has to make a lot of changes.

Nothing feels so good as to rest when you are tired.

Nobody ever talks too little, but a great many talk too much.

Some folks have lights in their parlors so seldom that it causes talk when they do light up.

Singers never get credit for knowing much else.

A man telling questionable stories is bad enough, but when a woman begins excuse us.

Whenever men get on good terms they want to take a drink together.

You needn't try to deny being a fool. We can prove it by half the people in town.

Everybody gets tired of looking at other peoples' warts,

Death of an Italian.

Geusippi Pederose, an Italian, was brought from Emporium here on Saturnight, suffering with pneumonia. He was taken to the hospital where treatment was given him, but the exposure he had received the night before in the ride from Emporium here, made it impossible to do anything for him, and he died on Sunday. He was 39 years of age, and had only been in this country about a year. The funeral was held from Haight's undertaking rooms today and the remains were interred in the cemetery at this place.—Austin Republican.

Bread and Cake Sale.

The bread and cake sale held by the Y. P. S. C. E., of the Presbterian church was very successful, proving that home-made dainties are in great demand.

In order to give each and everyone an opportunity to enjoy the good things the sale will be repeated Saturday, Nov. 15. A variety of Bread, Cakes, Pies, Cookies and Crumbles will be forsale at the corner of Fourth and Chestnut streets.

Molineux Not Guilty.

Molineaux who has been on trial in New York as being responsible for the death of Katherine J. Alams, who died on December 28, 1898, was on Tuesday acquitted of the charge. It took the jury but ten minutes after they left the court room to agree on their verdict. Now that the verdict of not guilty has been reached, one of the most remarkable chapters in criminal history will close.

Official Vote.

The Congressional Return Judges for this district met at Clearfield on Tuesday and computed the vote. The following is the official return.

	Dresser.	Hibner.	McCoy
Cameron,..	837	652	20
Centre...	4456	4293	139
Clearfield,.	6518	5772	599
McKean,..	4848	2526	537
	16,659	13,243	1,295
Majority,	3,416.		
Plurality,	2,121.		

Mothers Meeting.

Will the mothers kindly remember the time for our first meeting of the year and let us have a good number in attendance.

We have accomplished good in the past, let us try for more in the future. Meeting will be in the High School room, Nov. 21st at 3.30 o'clock in the afternoon.

MRS. M. M. LARRABEE.

Lots for Sale.

I have some desirable building lots for sale at a bargain. 30-tf.
C. J. GOODNOUGH.

A HORRIBLE ACCIDENT.

H. P. Spence Instantly Killed in a Saw Mill—Head, Both Arms and one Leg Sawed Off.

Our citizens were horrified, last Monday morning when informed that H. P. Spence had been instantly killed while working in his saw mill on the lands of Emporium Iron Company, on the mountain near the coke ovens. Mr. Spence had just moved his mill from More Hill to cut some timber for Mr. Brady, to be used in erecting houses for the coal miners to be employed at Cameron mines and had only that day commenced sawing when he met instant death. After cutting a log he attempted to brace himself to roll over the log when he pushed his left leg into the circular saw. In an instant he was drawn onto the saw, severing his head, both arms and left leg. His workmen were struck dumb when they saw their employer's head roll a distance of thirty feet from the mill, followed by an arm. The accident took place in an instant Word was sent to Emporium and to the afflicted wife and son, who were at their farm on More Hill. Undertaker LaBar went to the scene of the accident and took charge of the remains, bringing it to his undertaking establishment at this place, where it was prepared for burial and taken to residence of his daughter, Mrs. E. D. Mumford, at this place, to await burial, which took place yesterday afternoon, services being held in M. E. Church, being conducted by Rev. E. E. Mulliner, assisted by Rev. O. S. Metzler. The services were largely attended by our citizens. The remarks by Rev. Mulliner touching upon the personality of the deceased were highly eulogistic of the life and character of the deceased.

H. P. Spence came to this county about twenty years ago and purchased a farm on More Hill, then a barren waste. By hard work he carved out one of the best farms in the county. As a citizen and neighbor Mr. Spence had few equals. Kindness, to a fault, was one of his leading traits, and no person, friend or foe, ever received other than kindness at his hands. It was his amiable disposition that drew and held his friends. A kind and indulgent husband that he was will be sadly missed by his bereaved wife, children and brothers. He served in the war of the rebellion and was a member of Lieut D. W. Taggart Post, G. A. R., many members of that organization attending the funeral.

The following relatives attended the funeral: Mr. O. P. Spence, Mr. W. S. Spence, Millstone, Pa.; B. L. Spence and wife, Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Mumford, (daughter,) Wade Spence, (son,) Emporium; William Stoughton, DuBois; Jas. Barr and wife, Butler, Pa. L. W. another brother, who resides on More Hill, is in a very feeable condition and unable to be present at the funeral.

The PRESS, as well as our citizens generally, extends their deepest sympathy to the bereaved family.

Rectors Exchange.

Rev. J. M. Robertson, of Emmanuel Church, goes to Port Allegany next Sunday to officiate for Rev. G. E. Knollmeyer, who comes to Emporium for that day's services in Emmanuel Church.

Identified.

J. Brady who has been in jail at Williamsport, charged as being a member of the gang who sometime in Sept. entered the power house at Montoursville, where one of their number was killed by the engineer, has been identified by the Pinkerton detective agencies in Philadelphia and New York as a "hobo" burglar and "hold up."

Home From the West.

Joseph Kaye arrived in Emporium on Tuesday from Westboro, Wis., accompanied by his daughter Mrs. J. W. Norie, who was visiting her parents in the west. Mr. Kaye is looking exceedingly well, the "wild and woolly west" evidently agrees with him. His stay here will be for a few days only and he is kept very busy shaking hands and looking after business interests.

A Splendid Paper.

The Buffalo Sunday Courier, always a splendid newspaper, is constantly outdoing itself. Its proprietor, Mr. William J. Conners, meaning to make it the best Sunday newspaper that money and brains can produce. Its object is to bring the public face to face with the world's news and events by stories and pictures. Its four pages of colored comic pictures are unsurpassed by any colored supplement in the country and hardly equalled by the best New York papers, either in laugh-provoking subjects or in beauty of printing.

MARRIED.

SIMMONS—DARLING—At the Free Methodist parsonage, Emporium, Pa., Nov. 6th, 1902, by Rev. R. A. Robertson, Mr. John J. Simmons and Miss Isabella M. Darling, both of this place.

School Report.

Report of the Public Schools for month ending November 1st:

Number of pupils enrolled, males,	325
Females,	366
Total,	691
Number male pupils in attendance	308
Number female pupils in attendance	348
Total number pupils in attendance,	656
Average attendance during month, males,	258
Females,	282
Total,	540
Per cent. of attendance, males,	94
Females,	92
Total,	93
Number of pupils present every day,	308
Number of pupils tardy	67
Number cases corporal punishment	10
Number of pupils sick,	62
Number of pupils left school,	18
Number of visitors to school,	12

HONOR ROLL.

West Ward Schools.

Junior Class.—Claud Carpenter, Grace Lloyd, Flora Schlecht, Mabel Edwards, Alvira Farr, Eva Lewis, Alice Quigley, Verena Hertig.

C Class—Myrtle Lloyd, Winnie Shearer.

D Class—Alicia Swain.

Grammar School, A Class.—Bessie McQuay, Jane Glenn, Edda Horning, Jennie Nystrom, Cathrine Orr, Edith Dearmit.

B Class.—Marguerite Metzger, Ida Seger, Louise Seger, Jennie Robinson, Mary Farrell.

B Intermediate, A Class.—Louisa Welsh, Warner Judd, Joe McNarney.

B Class—May Mulcahy, Mary Orr.

A Primary, A Class.—Gladys Lloyd, Reba Jordan, Clara Wisenfluh, Beatrice Taylor, Minnie Morse, George Rishell, Lizzie Zwald.

B Class.—Margaret Streich, Freddie Metzger, Sammie Kline, Flora Gross.

Second B Primary,—A Class.—Budd Lloyd, Ruth Pearsall, Leona Kraft, Carolyn Moore, Gertrude Pepperman, Joseph Kinsler, Charlotte Hill.

B. Class—Helen Welsh, Regina Blinzler, Pansy Hout, Olive Ellis, Stella Tebo, Erwin Burns, Dorothy Gross.

First B Primary, A Class—Belle Campbell, Mary Shadman, Tillie Scott, Charles Cummings.

B Class.—Agnes Cleary, Helen Friendel, Vincent Ritchie, May Swartz, Cathrine Hillard, Robert Pearsall.

East Ward Schools.

A Intermediate.—Mildred McQuay, Anna Edwards, Jean McNarney, Edna Cruice, Kate Metzger, Marcella Quinn, Marian Judd, Ethel Lloyd, Herbert Vogt.

B Intermediate, A Class—Nellie Tubridy.

B Class—Dorr Spencer, Julia Bair, Ruth Seifried, Bernie Egan.

A Primary, A Class—Charles Commoford, Ophelia Dodson, Grant Husted, Mary Mulliner, Agnes Anderson.

B Class—Marion Baldwin, Minnie Frappier, Orlo Stevens, Emma Randolph, Oscar Foote, Marriam Barnes.

B Primary, A. Class—Orma Seifried, Evelyn Donovan, Gordon McDonough, Carlton Clarke, Bessie Kackenmeister, Frank Egan, Emery O'Dell.

B Class.—Carl Proudfoot, Lydia Prentice, Glenn Farley, Rollo Campbell.

C Class.—Clella Grant, Francis Stevens, Sara Kraft.

Kindergarten—Mary Perry, Martha Swartz, Frank Herdic, Lottie Halderman.

In the statistical report above the kindergarten is included in the total enrollement but not in average attendance. Including the Kindergarten, the total average attendance would be about 585, which still indicates an absence of 70 pupils each day on an average. This number is so large that we are anxious to have it rapidly diminished. We think that interest in the welfare of their children should prompt parents to see that they are not kept out for trivial reasons. The law recognizes only imperative reasons such as illness as a proper excuse for absence. To keep children out of school for work is a violation of the law.

A call will be issued this week by the president of last year's organization for a renewal of the mothers' meeting. We would be pleased to see a large attendance at this meeting. Various important matters will be presented in which the assistance of this body is desired.

E. S. LING, Principal.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

[redacted]
BARR.

DANIEL BARR, aged 72 years, died at his home in Shippen township, last Sunday, after an illness of one week. His funeral took place on Tuesday from his residence, near Sizerville and was largely attended by relatives and friends. Deceased leaves a wife and three married daughters Interment was made at Sizerville.

Former Emporium Lady Weds.

Mr. and Mrs. William L. Tiffany, of Lumberton, N. J., have issued cards announcing the marriage of their niece, Margaret McKinney Bardwell (formerly of Emporium) to Mr. George McCurdy, on Nov. 11th.

The Philadelphia Ledger says: "At the summer residence of the bride's uncle, William L. Tiffany, at Lumberton N. J., yesterday, George McCurdy, President of Common Council, and Mrs. Margaret McKinney Bardwell were quietly married by Rev. I. Mench Chambers, of the First Presbyterian Church. The wedding came as a great surprise to Mr. McCurdy's friends in this city. Owing to the recent death of the bridegroom's mother, the wedding was extremely quiet. After the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. McCurdy went to Atlantic City on their wedding tour. As Councils meet a week from tomorrow, Mr. McCurdy will then have to be in Philadelphia, and his friends in the Tenth Ward and at City Hall are planning a warm welcome for him."

Big Bankrupt Sale.

Geo. J. LaBar has purchased the entire stock of furniture, in the hands of the Trustee of the Mankey Manufacturing Company, and now proposes giving the public some unheard of bargains. He purchased the entire line at a bargain, less than cost of manufacture, therefore those who need furniture should call and avail themselves of these bargains. See adv. in another column.

WEATHER REPORT.
(Forecast by F. B. Lloyd.)
FRIDAY, Showers.
SATURDAY Showers.
SUNDAY, Fair.

How the Northern States Voted.

The official count of the vote cast last Tuesday has not as yet been declared in any State. Close estimates of the majorities have, however, been given, and from these it is easy to show how the Northern States voted and how the majorities they gave compare with those recorded in 1898, the last previous mid-presidential year election.

The Northern States fall naturally into three sections, namely, the Eastern, the Middle Western and the Far Western sections. The Eastern section includes the six New England States and New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania. The total majority these States gave last Tuesday as compared with the total majority they gave in 1898 is shown in the following:—

	1898. Rep.	1898. Dem.	1902. Rep.	1902. Dem.
Eastern section..	320,000	..	270,000	6,500

Here is shown a Republican loss of about 56,500, most of which occurred in Massachusetts and the remainder in Rhode Island and New York. It is not a loss due to any serious defection from the party, but to local causes which can be easily remedied. Rhode Island will be recovered in a national election and New York can be depended upon to give a good Republican majority in 1904.

The Middle Western section includes Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota and Iowa, seven States. The total Republican majority given in these States last week and compared with the total majority in the same States in 1898 are as follows:—

	1898. Rep.	1898. Dem.	1902. Rep.	1902. Dem.
Middle West....	318,000	.. ....	455,000	.....

The Republicans carried every one of the States in this section in 1898 and again in 1902. The total majority this year, however, is much larger than it was four years ago. Every one of the seven States, Michigan alone excepted, gave a larger Republican majority than in 1898, and if the majority in Michigan on the ticket below Governor were taken that State would show an increase also. In any event the total Republican majority in the Middle West this year is 137,000 larger than in 1898.

The third, or Far Western, section of States includes all the States west of a line drawn north and south along the eastern boundary of the Dakotas, Nebraska and Kansas and the Pacific Ocean. There are thirteen States in this section. and the total majorities given this year and four years ago are shown in the following:—

	1898. Rep.	1898. Dem.	1902. Rep.	1902. Dem.
Far West.....	61,350	69,650	139,000	2,000

Four years ago the Republicans carried six of the Far Western States and the Democrats seven, and the latter had a majority in the section of nearly 8000. But this year the Republicans carried twelve of these States and the Democrats one State, and the total Republican majority in the section is 137,000 instead of a Republican minority of nearly 8000.

Summarizing the majorities given in these three sections, which include the whole North, and comparing them with the majorities given in the same States in 1898, and the following result appears:—

	1898. Rep.	1898. Dem.	1902. Rep.	1902. Dem.
Total North.....	699,000	69,000	864,000	8,500

In 1898 the Republican majority in the Northern States was 630,000 in round numbers. In 1902 the majority of same party in the North is 855,500 a Republican gain of 225,500. Four years ago the Democrats carried seven States in the North and the Republicans twenty-two. This year Democrats carry only two Northern States and the Republicans carry twenty-seven. These facts and figures are their own comment.—Philadelphia Press.

Speaking of the death and downfall of a young girl, the Punxsutawney Spirit says: "The first step downward of a young person is taken under the influence of evil associates The shores of time are strewn with the wrecks of young lives—lives that might have been happy, lives that might have been an honor to some aged father and mother had it not been for the first evil step, a step that possibly was considered as having "no harm in it," but which led to the second, and then to the third and so on down the scale to darkness and dishonor.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Of all Europe, Paris, France, is the city of workshops and petty factories. It is estimated that there are 98,000 factories and workshops in the city, and that 60,000 girls are kept working on hats and gowns for about eight months of the year.

The oldest United States soldier is declared to be J. J. Overton, of Los Angeles, Cal., who is now 105 years old. He served in the Black Hawk war, the Mexican war and the civil war. Mr. Overton is a native of Pennsylvania. He walked three miles in the last G. A. R. parade at Los Angeles.

That a person who has been often stung by bees becomes in time immune to the poison of the sting is asserted by Dr. H. F. Parker. He reports that when he first began to keep bees he was frequently stung and that each sting was attended with acute pain; but that as time went on the pain and swelling became less.

Abdul Hamid is anxious to return the visit paid him by Grand Duke Nicholas as the representative of the czar. The commander of the faithful is desirous of sending his representatives in a battleship with as much pomp as was displayed by Nicholas at Constantinople, but finds himself unable to do anything; his only available warship is at present held in pawn by a shipbuilding company until the bill for repairs is paid.

Some idea of the wealth of Henry Clay Frick, Andrew Carnegie's former partner, may be obtained when it is stated that in the last two years he has purchased real estate in Pittsburg, the aggregate value of which is $10,502,000. This includes the Schenley property, at the Point, which he bought for $2,000,000. It also includes St. Peter's Catholic cathedral, for which he gave $1,325,000, and the new Frick building, erected at a cost of $4,500,000.

Two Kansas boys, the sons of Martin Concannon, have made at their home near Lansing, 18 miles northwest of Kansas City, a discovery which has already set the scientists of America agog and promises in a little while to embrace in its study and interest the whole scientific world. What the boys have found, in a word, is the skull of a man who is supposed to have lived in America before the glacial period, or, from ten to thirty thousand years ago.

Hoopeston, the home of Mrs. Mary Hartwell Catherwood and the most prosperous little city in the richest agricultural district in the great state of Illinois, has what may be truthfully termed one of the most economical and successful forms of municipal government of any city in the world. The city has a population of 4,500, and the mayor of the town receives an annual salary of but 50 cents or $1 for each term in office, the term consisting of two years.

Dr. Nelson R. Wood, of the Smithsonian institution, has made a study of the conversation of many kinds of feathered creatures. He declares that they have language of their own, in which they are able to convey their ideas to each other, and the only reason why we do not understand them is that we have not taken the trouble to listen and observe. Dr. Wood not only comprehends much of what birds say, but, to a considerable extent, he can make them understand him.

Most monkeys have nothing but nose holes, and no real nose, as we consider it. But there is a monkey in Borneo that has a long nose, longer even than that of particularly long-nosed human beings. A specimen of this monkey, known as the proboscis monkey, has just been brought alive to Europe, and is now in Hamburg. The queer creature has attracted much attention. It looks grotesquely human-like—very much like a man who has put on a big artifical nose for fun.

Hawaiians are laughing heartily over a joke played on the members of the senatorial commission here recently. United States Senators Mitchell, of Oregon; Foster, of Washington, and Burton, of Kansas, were made to eat dog—not political dog, but real cooked canine. Those who are authority for the story declare that the senators ate the fare with relish and called for more. The dish was served to the party at one of the native "luaus," or feasts.

INACTIVITY OF DEMOCRATS.

Tabooed Policies of the Party Leave Nothing for It to Go to Work Upon.

Secretary Shaw has hit the correct causes of the democrats' failure to attempt an active canvass in 1902. They are unable to put forward any policy which will appeal to any considerable number of the people. The platforms of the party in 1896 and 1900 are tabooed. They dare not indorse either of those proclamations of principles. Free silver is ignored in all the states east of the Mississippi in the campaign this year. Even in Ohio nothing is said about it by the democrats. The Philippine question is such a power to the republicans that the democratic stump speakers appear to have received orders from their congressional campaign committee to say nothing about it in any shape. Carmack and a few other vociferous personages talked against what they called imperialism early in the campaign, but they were promptly muzzled by the head of their campaign committee. Not a democratic orator or newspaper of any standing anywhere in the country is at present attacking the republican policy in the Philippines, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Under such conditions, of course, the republicans are not able to get up a lively canvass. It takes two sides to make a fight, and there seems to be only one side in the contest of 1892. Even the tariff, on which such democratic leaders as Grover Cleveland have advised their party to make a fight, is virtually ignored now, although something was said about it earlier in the campaign. The tariff planks of the presidential canvasses of 1888 and 1892, in which Cleveland was the candidate, are obsolete now. The assault which Cleveland ordered on the tariff in 1887, and which poor Roger Q. Mills led in 1888, would receive no sort of countenance from the democracy in 1902. There is absolutely no fight in the democrats this year on anything. The republicans have established the gold standard on such a firm basis that the democrats dare not attack it again. The republican policy in the Philippines, which is giving to the Filipinos all the home rule which they are now fitted for, and which is educating them for a larger measure of autonomy, is so strong with the people of all parties that the democratic leaders have given orders that the subject shall not be mentioned at all in the canvass.

There is no reason for surprise, therefore, that such stalwart democrats as Senators Vest and Morgan have been saying that the democrats have nothing to gain by a victory this year, while they have much to lose. The leaders of the party, apparently, not only do not look for victory for their side, but they are against any attempt to win a victory. The Democrats are making no canvass of any activity or intelligence anywhere. Knowing that the conditions are strongly against them, they seem to be too discouraged to show any earnestness in the campaign. They are letting the republicans do most of the work which is being done, and this, on account of the democrats' failure to make a contest, is rather feeble. This is the quietest congressional canvass which the country has seen in many years. It is to be hoped, however, that the weakness of the democracy's side will not lull the republican leaders into any sense of overconfidence. Their duty is to work to get out the entire vote of the party. If they take intelligent advantage of their opportunities they can win a victory a few weeks hence which will place the party in excellent shape for the great canvass of 1904.

☞As one result of the financial management of the republican party the annual interest on the national debt is $6,000,000 less than it was before the war with Spain, notwithstanding the issue of a war loan of $200,000,000.—Indianapolis Journal.

☞Among other characteristics of the new boss of the Ohio democracy is thrift in all things pertaining to his profits or emoluments. The instincts of a tax dodger have not been reformed out of existence.—Cleveland Leader.

TRUSTS AND PARTIES.

All That Has Been Done to Regulate Things Has Been Done by Republicans.

It was the republican party that enacted legislation against the trusts The democratic party has been content, as in this state, to use the trusts merely for the purpose of campaign debate, and to propose against them the remedy of state socialism or free trade, says the Troy Times.

In a speech at Boston Secretary of the Treasury Shaw, who, like every other candid observer, finds both good and evil in these immense combinations of corporations, presented in a convincing manner the history of the case against the trusts. He showed that in 1888 during President Cleveland's first administration a democratic congress appointed a committee to investigate the subject. After six months of investigation the committee reported that it could form no opinion and simply presented the testimony taken. When Benjamin Harrison had been chosen president and a republican senate had been elected, the first bill presented in the senate was what is now known as the Sherman anti-trust law. It is the only anti-trust law of a federal nature on the statute books to this day. This was Secretary Shaw's summing up:

"During Mr. Cleveland's first administration a democratic congress declared the task beyond its strength. The first republican congress under President Harrison passed the Sherman law, and it has received the seal of approval of the republican party by resolutions repeatedly adopted in many state and national conventions. The democratic party came into power again in 1893. It did not repeal the Sherman act. This raises a pretty strong presumption that the law has some degree of merit."

The democratic party's remedy for trusts is state socialism for the coal trust and for all others free trade. This is like proposing suicide as a cure for toothache. Secretary Shaw's characterization of the proposed democratic cure is right to the point and deserves the consideration of every workingman:

"We are frequently threatened with overproduction, and against this we must always protest by increasing our markets as far as possible. But other countries also have overproduction, and from this source our industries are sure to be crushed unless protected. Does any one suppose any iron industry in the United States could have survived an inundation from Europe occasioned by the recent business stagnation in some localities on the continent but for the tariff? The republican party watches primarily that the American laborer shall have employment. It is probable that during the last year or two free trade in iron would have cheapened the product to the American consumer, but 1,500,000 people, fed and clothed directly by wages paid by the various iron and steel manufactories, would have been again begging bread. Unreasonable prices are always objectionable, but prices unreasonably low are more objectionable and fraught with greater hardships, to all those who supply the wage-earner's necessities, than prices unreasonably high."

The republican party has been the party to which in all times the people have safely turned for the preservation of their institutions and the maintenance of their prosperity. The party of negation and destruction—the democratic party—continually offers some quack remedy for any disturbances in the body politic. But the people have had too many sad experiences in trusting that party and are too wise to turn from the safe path of prosperity to choose the will o' the wisps which gleam over impassable swamps.

☞If a combine advances the price of meat, or if the price is increased by purely natural causes, the American consumer should be at liberty to purchase food wherever it can be bought and bring it to this country without a direct tax upon his hunger, such as our tariff law now imposes. The American people need a tariff system which will protect them from hunger and cold in the days of meat famines and coal famines. They want their friends, and not the friends of favored interests, to revise the present unjust system of taxation.—Baltimore Sun (Ind.).

☞Mr. Bryan cannot, he says, commend President Roosevelt's views on the trust question. We have yet to hear that Mr. Bryan has said anything about the trusts, except to denounce them, without suggesting a thought or an idea that would possibly cure their evils.—St. Louis Star.

ANOTHER GHOST AT THE DEMOCRATIC HARMONY FEAST.

BOXER OUTBREAK.

It Resulted in the Slaughter of Hundreds of the Desperadoes.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 8.—Mail advices received from the Orient include official reports from Kuei Chun, ex-viceroy of Sze Chuan, detailing the recent Boxer outbreak there. After relating the incidents leading up to the destruction of the churches in the two districts and the murder of many native converts, the report says: "Several regiments of troops were sent to the disturbed places and, besides slaying 200 or 300 of the inurgents succeeded in capturing several, who were brougat to Cheng Tu and decapitated.

"Between 5,000 and 6,000 Boxers assembled in Hwai Yang Hsi, Chin Tang Hsien and Shien Chou, where they occupied the market towns and killed as many captains of the train bands as they could get hold of. A small force was sent to the Boxers to exhort them to disperse. I did not take stringent measures on this occasion, because I feared that among the Boxers there might be many famine stricken inhabitants, who were not disposed to do evil, but were simply misled by the Boxers. A fight followed and 200 Boxers were kiled and the others were driven back. Many entrenched themselves and the force sent was obliged to return."

The report tells of the attack on Cheng Tu, where three regiments and 600 bands had been assembled for defense. When the imperial troops were dispatched to Ching Tang Hsien, the Boxers proceeded to Hsuao Ching Ping, where they joined forces with other insurgents. A battle was fought there and 300 Boxers were put to the sword.

TO STOP EMIGRATION.

The Hungarian Government Is Preparing to Pass a Law.

Vienna, Nov. 8.—The Hungarian government has introduced in the reichstag an emigration reform bill of sweeping character. One of the main provisions of this bill strikes a heavy blow at the North Atlantic steamship lines by empowering the government to route emigrants through the Hungarian port of Fiume. Up to the present time Hungarian emigrants have sailed chiefly from Hamburg, Bremen, Rotterdam and Antwerp, and last year a total of 70,941 Hungarian emigrants left these ports. The prospective loss to the German and other steamship lines sailing from the ports mentioned is likely to be even greater because Austria is now preparing a bill similar to the one introduced by Hungary, by which it is expected to send Austrian emigrants through Trieste.

The Hungarian bill specifically prohibits the emigration of certain classes of people, including men who have not performed military service, parents who leave behind them children under 15 years of age and persons without adequate traveling money or whose expenses are paid by foreign states or colonization societies. Under the bill, the government can forbid emigration to certain countries entirely and it can prevent the emigration of certain classes of artisans when this is deemed expedient.

REPORT OF TRADE.

Steady Progress in Every Branch of Business Is Noted.

New York, Nov. 8.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Trade and industry are making steady progress, reports from all sections of the country containing evidences of wholesome development. An unusually large fall distribution occurred. Complaints of slow freight movement are still heard, testifying to the enormous volume of business handled by the railways, which report earnings for October 4.8 per cent. larger than last year and 14.2 per cent. above 1900.

It is the exception when manufacturing plants have not contracts assuring activity for many months, and annual inventories will be taken with difficulty owing to importunate customers. Prices of commodities proportioned to consumption declined about 1 per cent. during October. The decrease occurred in meats and fuel, mainly the latter.

The only development of note in the iron and steel market has been the 10 per cent. reduction in price of tin plates to take effect December 1.

CRY OF FRAUD.

Chicago Republicans' Candidate for Sheriff Says that the Election Was Crooked.

Chicago, Nov. 8.—The Record-Herald says that Daniel D. Healy, republican candidate for sheriff at the recent election, claims that he has been elected sheriff and that the count which showed the election of Thomas E. Barrett, democrat, by nearly 7,000 plurality, is false. It is claimed that the total vote for sheriff was in excess, to the extent of more than 10,000 votes, of the number of ballots issued in the county for tae election.

According to a report from the board of election commissioners between 284,000 and 285,000 ballots were issued at the polls, including the number destroyed and those wrongly stamped. Figures give the total on the vote for sheriff at 294,943. Where the difference comes in has given rise to the cry of fraud.

Drew a Two-Year Sentence.

Prague, Bohemia, Nov. 8.—Alois Mueller, who, with Peter Von Schlecta, had been on trial since October 27, charged with trafficking in forged patents of nobility, was yesterday sentenced to two years' imprisonment.

Killed by Falling Coal.

Shenandoah, Pa., Nov. 8.—Martin Yaniz and Enoch Sisavage, mine laborers, were killed by a fall of coal at Cambridge colliery yesterday. They were sitting in the gangway eating a lunch from their dinner pails when the fall occurred.

A LOST CAUSE.

Venezuelan Rebels Retreat in Disorder—Castro's Troops Pursue Them and Capture One of Their Generals.

La Victoria, Venezuela, Nov. 8.—News has been received here concerning the retreat of the revolutionary forces. It is to the effect that on the night of November 1 the revolutionists withdrew from their positions near La Victoria and San Mateo because they were without ammunition. The fact that the rebels lacked cartridges caused a disagreement between Gen. Matos and Gen. Rolando, which was followed by hot words.

Gen. Rolando declared that the shortage of ammunition was the fault of Gen. Matos, and that if the success of the revolution was endangered by this condition, Matos alone was responsible. He said that all was lost, and with his followers, about 3,200 men, withdrew from the main body of the rebels in the direction of Alta Gracia. It is reported that Gen. Rolando has proclaimed "El Mocho" Hernandez as the leader of the revolution.

President Castro, when he discovered that the revolutionists only retreated because of their absolute lack of ammunition, caused them to be pursued day and night by government soldiers.

The latest report issued by the government says that Gens. Matos, Mendoza and Riera and their commands are fleeing in disorder in an effort to reach the mountainous districts.

Guerillas in the service of the government captured and brought to President Castro certain records and documents belonging to members of Ge. Matos' staff, as well as the general's personal correspondence. The contents of these papers give evidence of the critical situation of the leaders of the revolution.

President Castro having sent his men in all directions to cut off the retreat of the enemy, left here yesterday for Caracas. The government soldiers who are following up the rebels scored their first success Friday morning by the capture of Gen. Ramon Luizi, who was making his way in the direction of Alta Gracia, with 300,000 rounds of ammunition and 4,000 men to reinforce the revolutionists.

LAND FRAUDS.

Soldiers' Widows and Cattlemen are Said to Have Engaged in Unlawful Deals.

Washington, Nov. 6.—The interior department has suspended, with a view to cancellation, a large number of alleged fraudulent land entries in Nebraska made by soldiers' widows who, it is charged, have entered into an agreement for the transfer of the lands to cattlemen. W. N. Lesser, of Iowa, a special agent, whose headquarters have been for several years at North Platte, Neb., has been suspended in connection with these proceedings. The action follows an investigation that has been conducted in Nebraska by Col. John S. Mosby, the former guerilla leader, who is now a special agent of the general

The exact extent of these operations is not disclosed, but so far as known there are about 45 or 50 of them, each entry being for 160 acres. The government recently has been enforcing its regulations for the removal of fences erected by cattlemen on public lands and an effort to validate as far as possible the land now occupied by the cattlemen. Under the law soldiers' widows have a right to make entries of public lands without any residence requirements but they are required to make improvements and cultivate the lands. It is understood that the women who made the entries are mostly Chicago people who were influenced to take these steps by the agents of cattlemen, with the agreement to transfer the land to the latter by leases, with the right to purchase.

COAL STRIKE COMMISSION.

Ends Its Tour of Observation of the Anthracite Coal Fields and Adjourns Until November 14.

Mahanoy City, Pa., Nov. 6.—The anthracite strike commission ended its tour of observation of the coal fields in the Panther Creek valley yesterday and the members of the party will return to their homes today and will meet again at Scranton on November 14 to take the testimony of the miners. The biggest day's work of the entire trip was accomplished Wednesday when the commissioners made a complete inspection of two large collieries and a tour of the region lying between Mt. Carmel and this city.

Six working days have been consumed in traveling from place to place in the anthracite coal regions, and the arbitrators feel they are now qualified to sit in judgment on the controversy between the mine owners and their employes. In all the commissioners were lowered into seven mines of varying conditions and went through several breakers. They met the general superintendents, the mine superintendents and the foremen of the collieries visited, and also talked with the grimy coal diggers in the dark gangways and chambers hundreds of feet below the earth's surface. They heard the grievances the workers claim they have, and also heard the companies' side of the complaint. Besides this the commissioners gained a somewhat technical knowledge of mining.

Anti-Trust Law Is Upheld.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 7.—The Nebraska supreme court yesterday rendered a decision sustaining the constitutionality of the state anti-trust law, which had been attacked by the Nebraska Retail Lumber Dealers' association, as defendant in a suit for damages for forcing a retail dealer out of the business. The court holds the association to be unlawful, but dismisses the suit as to the association because it is not incorporated. The members of the association are held liable for damages resulting from their acts.

SAVED A LIFE.

Gratitude promotes publicity and it's no wonder people testify when life is saved.

Every reader with a bad back is in danger for bad backs are but kidney ills and neglect may prove fatal.

Neglected backache is quickly followed by too frequent urinary discharges; retention of the urine, painful urination, Diabetes, Bright's disease.

Read how all such troubles can be cured.

CASE NO. 34,520.—Mr. Walter McLaughlin, of 3022 Jacob street, Wheeling, W. Va., a machine hand working at J. A. Holiday & Son's planing mill, says: "I firmly believe had I not used Doan's Kidney Pills when I did I would not be alive now. I was in a terrible condition, and although I took quarts of medicine, and was attended by doctors, I got no better, but worse. Friends spoke of my bad appearance, and thousands knew about it. I could hardly get around and felt and looked like a dead man rather than a living one. Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at the Logan Drug Co.'s store, were a blessing to me; half a box relieved me; three boxes entirely cured me."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mr. McLaughlin will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

Some people seem to think that industry consists of telling other people what to do. —Indianapolis News.

"Little Colds" neglected—thousands of lives sacrificed every year. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures little colds—cures big colds, too, down to the very verge of consumption.

Possibly frankness would not seem so brutal if we were more accustomed to it.—Indianapolis News.

Do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—J. F. Boyer, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

One trouble with the pursuit of happiness is that other people do get in the way.—Puck.

Diphtheria relieved in twenty minutes. Almost miraculous. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

It doesn't take much gold-leaf to cover the pupil of the eye.—Ram's Horn.

20 MILLION BOTTLES
SOLD EVERY YEAR.

Happiness is the absence of pain, and millions have been made happy through being cured by ST JACOBS OIL of RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, TOOTHACHE, HEADACHE, LAMENESS, SCALDS, BURNS, SPRAINS, BRUISES and all pains for which an external remedy can be applied. It never fails to cure. Thousands who have been declared incurable at baths and in hospitals have thrown away their crutches, being cured after using ST. JACOBS OIL. Directions in eleven languages accompany every bottle.

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THE ELECTION RETURNS

Republicans Are Successful and Will Control Next House of Representatives.

Odell Is Elected Governor of New York by About 12,800---Ohio Republicans Win by Probably 90,000 --- Pennsylvania, New York, Michigan, Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin and Minnesota Also Go Republican.

Washington, Nov. 6.—The latest returns received up to 10:30 o'clock last night show that the republicans (including in this description the fusionists elected from the Pittsburg-Allegheny districts in Pennsylvania) will control the next house by a vote of 204 republicans to 179 democrats, with three districts remaining so much in doubt that the official returns will be needed to decide the result.

NEW YORK.

New York, Nov. 5.—The city of Greater New York, which last year elected a fusionist to the mayoralty, returned to the democracy yesterday and rolled up one of its old time majorities for that party. Locally, the candidates voted for were three justices of the supreme court, 19 members of the national house of representatives, 21 state senators and 62 state assemblymen. In Kings county a sheriff and in Queens a district attorney were electeu. Coler's plurality for governor in the city was above 110,000.

From the start, the returns showed that Edward B. Amend, Vernon M. Davis and Edward E. McCall, the Tammany democratic candidates, were elected to the supreme court bench by pluralities ranging from 70,000 to 80,000. Their opponents were William A. Keener, Alfred Steckler and Ernest Hall, who were appointed to the supreme court by Gov. Odell to fill vacancies. Keener and Steckler were nominated by both the republicans and the Greater New York democracy and Hall by the republicans. The Greater New York democracy placed John DeWitt Warner in nomination for the office against Mr. Hall and the Tammany candidates. The vote cast showed a remarkable change of feeling from last year, when Mayor Low carried New York county by about 5,000.

The reversal of the vote in Kings county was equally noteworthy. Last year Low carried the county by more than 24,000, while the unofficial returns last night gave Coler 26,546 plurality and indicate that William E. Melody, democrat, for sheriff, had won from Adolph L. Kline, republican, by about the same figures.

Queens borough, the only one of the five boroughs in the Greater City that was carried by Shepard, for mayor last year, gave an estimated plurality for Coler of 5,500. This was about 1,500 more than had been estimated by the party leaders.

Oyster Bay, L. I., Nov. 5.—The town of Oyster Bay, President Roosevelt's township, complete, gives Odell 1,526 and Coler 1,657. In 1900 the town gave Odell 2,041 and Stanchfield 1,529.

President Roosevelt's own district, the Fifth, gives a plurality of 31 for the democratic state ticket.

New York, Nov. 6.—Official figures on the vote for governor vary but little from the unofficial reports. According to returns made to the officials at Albany by the several county clerks, the plurality for Odell, rep., is 12,887. Only three counties above the Bronx were carried by the democratic nominee, the aggregate plurality for Coler in these counties being 1,011. This and the Greater New York plurality of 122,074 given to Coler was met and overcome by an up-state republican plurality of 135,972, the difference being a net plurality of 12,887 against 111,126 plurality for Odell in 1900.

The state legislature is controlled by the republicans by a reduced majority, but one so large as to admit of no doubt of the return of Mr. Platt to the United States senate.

The New York delegation in the lower house of congress will number 37, instead of 34 as in the present congress. It will contain 20 republicans and 17 democrats, whereas the present delegation stood 22 republicans and 12 democrats. All of the more noted members of the delegation have been returned, including Sereno E. Payne, chairman of the ways and means committee.

Albany, Nov. 6.—Gov. Odell telephoned the following from Newburg concerning the statement of Secretary Mason, of the democratic state committee: "Let them claim all they please. Let them cry fraud. I am elected and that is all there is about it."

PENNSYLVANIA.

Philadelphia, Nov. 5.—Estimates from more than half the counties in Pennsylvania outside of Philadelphia and Allegheny county show gains for the democratic state ticket. These gains are offset, however, by heavy republican gains in Philadelphia and Pittsburg. The returns indicate a republican plurality in the state of from 150,000 to 200,000, of which Philadelphia contributes over 100,000 and Pittsburg from 30,000 to 40,000.

The republican loss in the anthracite region was not as heavy as had been anticipated.

Pittsburg, Nov. 5.—The fusion ticket in Allegheny county will elect its full county ticket by 30,000. The fusionists are voting under the head of the citizens' ticket. It is composed of democrats and republicans who have for some time been ugating the present administration.

Pennypacker, for governor, will have 30,000 majority. Congressman John Dalzell (on both tickets), was re-elected in the Thirtieth district. George Shiras III., in the Twenty-ninth district; James W. Brown, Thirty-second district; Kirke Porter, Thirty-first district, fusion candidates and all republicans, are elected.

Philadelphia, Nov. 6.—Practically complete returns from the state indicate a plurality for Samuel W. Pennypacker, republican, for governor, of about 135,000.

Of the 32 congressmen elected 28 are republicans and four democrats.

The incoming house of representatives will be made up of 147 republicans and 45 democrats. On joint ballot 128 votes are required to elect a United States senator, and Boies Penrose will be named to succeed himself in January.

OHIO.

Columbus, Nov. 5.—At 10 o'clock last night Chairman Dick, of the republican state committee, gave out a statement claiming a plurality of more than 100,000 on the state ticket, and 17 and possibly 18 of the 21 Ohio congressmen. In this statement he claimed the election of congressmen in the Third, Twelfth and Thirteenth districts, none of which were at that hour conceded by Chairman Garber, of the democratic state committee.

Returns from 46 precincts in Franklin county, including the city of Columbus, indicate that Layman, rep., candidate for secretary of state, will have 2,000 plurality, a republican gain of 4,277 over last year.

Cincinnati, Nov. 5.—City returns incomplete, giving Layman, rep., for secretary of state, 24,094 majority, indicate a republican majority in Hamilton county of nearly 30,000.

Toledo, Nov. 5.—Returns from 90 of the 146 precincts in Lucas county indicate that the republican state ticket will carry the county by 6,000 plurality in the county and the republican county ticket will have 5,000 plurality.

Canton, Nov. 5.—Canton is republican by about 800, Stark county by about 2,800. Kennedy, rep. for congress, will be elected by a big plurality in the Eighteenth district.

Norwalk, Nov. 5.—Norwalk city and township complete give Laylin 1,155, Bigelow 650. Same precincts in 1901 gave Nash 1,140, Kilbourne 763.

Twenty-seven precincts in Huron county give Laylin 3,465, Bigelow 2,227. Same precincts in 1901 gave Nash 3,570, Kilbourne 2,424.

Akron, Nov. 5.—Nineteenth district re-elected Charles Dick to congress by an increased plurality over 1900, when it was 13,788. Summit county gives Laylin 1,400 plurality. Entire republican county ticket elected except probably Sowers defeated Burt for recorder.

Columbus, Nov. 6.—Chairman Dick at the republican state headquarters late last night had complete returns from 86 of the Ohio counties showing a republican plurality for state candidates of 90,807. The two counties not heard from are Putnam and Noble. The former gave a democratic plurality of 1,451 and the latter a republican plurality of 751 last year. Deducting this difference of 700 he estimates the republican plurality in Ohio at 90,107, but he expects both Putnam and Noble county will show republican gains and that the official vote will exceed these figures. Although 17 counties have not returned their total vote, it is estimated as close to 800,000.

Chairman Garber, of the democratic state committee, said: "The democrats made gains in more than two-thirds of the counties in which Mayor Johnson, of Cleveland, pitched his tent. Complete returns will show an average republican plurality for state candidates, as compared with recent years. Democrats are not discouraged. We will fight again on the same line."

Chairman Garber expressed satisfaction with the result for congressmen, in which contest the democrats elected the same number as two years ago, although he had expected a gain of three.

MICHIGAN.

Detroit, Nov. 5.—The republicans of Michigan have elected Gov. A. T. Bliss and the entire state ticket, 11 of the 12 congressmen and an overwhelming majority of the members of the legislature. The vote was light throughout the state and the republican majority is estimated at between 30,000 and 40,000.

While the returns indicate that the democrats have increased by a few members their representation in the state legislature, the republicans will have an overwhelming majority in both branches. This assures the election of Gen. R. A. Alger to fill the unexpired term of the late United States Senator James McMillan.

Detroit, Nov. 6.—Newspaper tabulations of election returns indicate that the plurality of Gov. Bliss will run up to 36,975. That Bliss was ruthlessly cut is shown by the fact that the plurality of Judge W. L. Carpenter, republican candidate for justice of the supreme court, amounts to 59,816.

The state legislature will have exactly the same complexion as its predecessor, one democrat among the 32 senators and ten democrats out of 100 members of the house of representatives.

DELAWARE.

Wilmington, Nov. 6.—Returns of the election for members of the legislature in Delaware show that the state senate will stand 10 republicans and seven democrats. The house will stand 18 republicans and 16 democrats, with one district undecided, by reason of a tie vote.

Wilmington, Del., Nov. 7.—Complete returns from Sussex county show the election of Thomas W. Jefferson, democrat, as state senator from the Fifth district, by a plurality of seven votes over George E. Magee, an Addicks republican, whom earlier reports declared elected. There are 52 members of the legislature and the vote on joint ballot will be 27 republicans and 24 democrats, the result in the Ninth district, Kent county, being a tie. The republicans will have a majority of one, but, as seven are "regular republicans" and opposed to Addicks, his chances of election to the United States senate are small.

NEW JERSEY.

Trenton, Nov. 5.—The republicans will again control both houses of the New Jersey legislature by heavy majorities.

Chairman Stokes, of the republican state committee, claims that his party has elected nine of the ten congressmen. Chairman Courley, af the democratic state committee claims four congressmen.

Trenton, Nov. 6.—The returns from New Jersey show democratic gains, but the republicans elected seven of the ten congressmen and retain control of both branches of the legislature, although by reduced majorities.

In the Fifth district C. N. Fowler, rep., was elected over Dewitt C. Flanagan, dem., for whom ex-President Cleveland delivered the first campaign speech he had made for many years.

RHODE ISLAND.

Providence, Nov. 6.—Almost complete returns on the vote for the state ticket give L. F. C. Garvin, dem., for governor, about 7,000 plurality and Abelard Archambault, dem., for lieutenant governor about 5,000.

Providence, R. I., Nov. 7.—A recount in the city of Woonsocket has displaced three democratic members of the general assembly, originally announced as elected and substituted the republican candidates. This gives the republicans a plurality of four in the house. The senate is republican.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Boston, Nov. 5.—Returns from entire state of Massachusetts for governor give Bates, rep., 195,961, Gaston, dem., 158,482, a republican plurality of 37,479. The democrats elect one congressman.

Boston, Nov. 6.—Massachusetts elected a republican state ticket, a congressional delegation of ten republicans and four democrats, a state senate of 31 republicans and nine democrats and a house of representatives of 155 republicans, 82 democrats and three socialists.

CONNECTICUT.

New Haven, Nov. 5.—Returns from 50 towns in Connecticut indicate the election of the entire republican ticket by pluralities ranging about 13,000. The returns from the same towns indicate that Connecticut will return all four district congressmen, republicans, and a republican congressman at large. The general assembly promises to be comfortably republican thus ensuring the return to the United States senate of O. H. Platt.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

Concord, Nov. 5.—For governor 125 towns and wards in New Hampshire give Bachelder, rep., 15,677, Hollis, dem., 11,610. Same towns and wards in 1900 gave Jordan, rep., 20,459, Potter, dem., 12,976. The same percentage of vote throughout the state would result in a republican plurality of 10,000.

MINNESOTA.

St. Paul, Nov. 6.—The only change in the election figures received was in the shape of larger pluralities for Van Sant, whose personal campaign for an endorsement of his action in starting the anti-merger fight seemed to have met with the strongest approval. His plurality is believed to exceed 50,000. Eight out of nine congressmen have been elected by the republicans.

ILLINOIS.

Chicago, Nov. 5.—Busse, the republican candidate for state treasurer, has carried the city by at least 8,500, which will give him between 13,000 and 14,000 in Cook county. At democratic headquarters it was conceded that the republicans have carried the county by 10,000.

Meagre returns prevent anything like an accurate statement of the results of the election in Illinois, although there is every indication that the republican ticket has been elected by a good majority. The next legislature will be republican, without a doubt, and the successor to United States Senator Mason is certain to be a republican.

FLORIDA.

Jacksonville, Nov. 5.—A light vote was polled throughout the state. Congressmen Sparkman and Davis are re-elected from the First and Second districts, respectively, without opposition. There was no opposition to the democratic ticket, state or congressional. The legislature elected yesterday will re-elect United States Senator Mallory to succeed himself, he having already been nominated by primary.

The proposed constitutional amendment, providing for three extra members of the supreme bench was carried.

ALABAMA.

Montgomery, Nov. 5.—The full democratic state ticket is elected by a large majority. The "Lily White" republican vote was not as large as expected.

COLORADO.

Denver, Nov. 6.—The republicans claim that J. H. Peabody, for governor, has been elected and that he has pulled a portion of the republican ticket through with him. The republicans also claim the election of Brooks for congressman at large and of Hogg in the Second district. Shafroth's election in the First district will be contested. R. W. Bonyge claims he will have a majority.

Denver, Col., Nov. 7.—The republican leaders say that there will be 36 republicans and 29 democrats in the house and 22 democrats and 13 republicans in the senate. These figures give the democrats two majority on joint ballot and with their large majority in the senate they claim they can frustrate any attempt to accomplish the election of a republican as United States senator by unseating democratic members elected for the house. Revised returns show that one candidate on the democratic state ticket was successful, Mrs. Helen L. Grenfell being re-elected superintendent of public instruction by a plurality of 2,400.

CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco, Nov. 6.—Complete returns from San Francisco and partial returns from all over the state indicate that George C. Pardee, the republican nominee for governor, is elected by a majority of 2,000 to 3,000. The plurality of 9,000 given by San Francisco to F. K. Lane, the democratic nominee, has been almost wiped out by republican majorities in the interior counties. The legislature, which will choose a United States senator, is largely republican on joint ballot. The republicans have lost two congressmen.

WISCONSIN.

Milwaukee, Nov. 5.—Returns from the state indicate that Gov. La Follette is re-elected by a plurality of at least 35,000.

Milwaukee, Nov. 6.—Gov. La Follette carried Milwaukee county by 4,507. The social democrats polled about 12,000 votes in Milwaukee county. The latest returns from the state show that Gov. La Follette carried the state by at least 40,000 plurality. The congressional delegation is made up of ten republicans and one democrat. The returns from legislative districts indicate an overwhelming majority for the republicans, which means the probable re-election of United States Senator Spooner.

NEBRASKA.

Lincoln, Nov. 6.—Returns received at republican state headquarters show that the republicans have elected five of the six congressmen in Nebraska. The Second district, in which Omaha is situated, is the only one carried by the fusionists, Hitchcock defeating Mercer.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 7.—Complete returns from 84 of the 90 counties in the state, with estimates on the remaining six, show that Mickey, republican, for governor, is elected by 5,800. The official count will not change this 300 votes either way. Last night's returns make it positive that McCarthy in the Third, and Norris in the Fifth district, are elected to congress. Both are republicans, giving that party five of the six congressmen from Nebraska.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Raleigh, Nov. 5.—The returns from 35 counties give a democratic majority of over 30,000. These are from the eastern and middle counties and the same ratio will give the democratic state ticket a majority in the state of approximately 65,000. The only congregational districts which are doubtful are the Eighth and Tenth and there is nothing definite from either district yet. Both parties are claiming each.

KANSAS.

Topeka, Nov. 6.—The republican victory in Kansas is complete. A good majority of the legislature, all the state officers and a large part of the county officers were taken by the republicans. Chairman Albaugh, of the republican state committee, made the following statement last night: "Returns have been received from every part of the state and they indicate the election of the entire republican ticket by about 35,000 plurality. The republicans have elected every member of congress."

IOWA.

Des Moines, Nov. 6.—The democrats succeeded in electing one congressman in Iowa, for the first time in eight years, Judge Martin J. Wade defeating the republican candidate, Hoffman, by 8,000 plurality. Birdsall, rep., in Speaker Henderson's district, received 5,000 plurality. The republican plurality for the state ticket will exceed 70,000.

MISSOURI.

St. Louis, Nov. 6.—While complete returns from all parts of the state have not been received, there is enough to show the election of the democratic state ticket, a safe democratic majority in the legislature that will select a successor to United States Senator Vest, and the election of 15 democrats out of 16 congressmen.

MARYLAND.

Baltimore, Nov. 6.—Complete returns from city and state show that Maryland's representation in the next house will be four republicans and two democrats—a gain of two seats for the democrats. Except in the two city districts—the Third and Fourth—the candidates were elected by comfortable pluralities.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Wheeling, Nov. 5.—Returns coming in slowly indicate the certain election of B. B. Dovener, rep., for congress in the First district by a slightly reduced majority compared with 1900. In the Second district John T. McGraw claims his election over A. G. Dayton, rep., but the republicans do not concede it.

OKLAHOMA.

Guthrie, Okla., Nov. 7.—There is a bitter struggle in Oklahoma for the election of a delegate to congress. The result is still in doubt, with the complete returns from the west and southwest counties yet to be received. The republicans claim McGuire's election by 1,000 and the democrats claim Cross by 1,400. Both parties concede the Oklahoma senate to the republicans by one majority, while both claim the house.

PORTO RICO.

San Juan, Nov. 6.—The election in Porto Rico resulted in a sweeping republican victory. Federico Degetau was re-elected resident commissioner at Washington by a large majority.

The federals have ten delegates in the legislature and the republicans 25.

In most of the turbulent districts the federals, through intimidation, abstained entirely from voting and lost five delegates to the legislature. Fraud was charged everywhere and the government has promised prompt prosecutions.

The American federal party, through its president, Mr. Palmer, has issued a proclamation complaining bitterly of what is termed the partiality of the government in favoring the republicans in the election. The proclamation reviews the party's causes of complaint and declares that a manifesto will be issued to the people of the United States, accompanied by proofs of alleged outrages.

President Palmer said: "The idea is to call a mass meeting in San Juan shortly and then to choose four delegates, two of whom will be Americans, to go to Washington and lay the party's grievances before President Roosevelt and ask for redress."

UTAH.

Salt Lake City, Utah, Nov. 7.—Practically complete returns from every county in the state show larger pluralities for the republican candidates than were indicated by earlier returns. For congress Joseph Howell republican, has a plurality of 5,427. The legislature will have a republican majority of 41 on joint ballot.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls, Nov. 6.—Reports from 37 out of 53 counties in the state give the republican congressional ticket a plurality of 19,666. The remaining counties will increase this plurality by 2,000. The republicans have elected all but six or eight members of the state legislature.

NEW MEXICO.

Santa Fe, N. M., Nov. 7.—The republican county tickets were elected in all but six counties in New Mexico. The territorial legislature will be made up as follows: Council 11, possibly 12 republicans and one democrat, or possibly none. House, 21 republicans, three democrats.

MONTANA.

Helena, Nov. 6.—The election of Joseph M. Dixon as congressman with at least 4,000 votes to spare and W. L. Halloway for associate justice of the supreme court by 8,000 majority are conceded by the democrats. Legislative returns show that the republicans will control both houses.

VIRGINIA.

Richmond, Nov. 5.—Returns are coming in slowly, but the state certainly will return a full democratic congressional delegation. The latest returns from the Ninth district, where there was the only serious contest in the state, assures the election of Rhea, dem.

TEXAS.

Dallas, Nov. 5.—Indications point to the election of the entire democratic state ticket and all the congressional candidates.

Dallas, Nov. 6.—Latest advices from the Fifteenth congressional district, the only one in which the republicans were thought to have a chance, show that Garner, democratic nominee, has received 1,500 majority.

MISSISSIPPI.

Jackson, Nov. 5.—The vote in Mississippi was very light, the tabulations so far made indicating a total of less than 40,000. All the democratic candidates for congress were elected without opposition. The constitutional amendments are believed to have been defeated.

TENNESSEE.

Nashville, Nov. 5.—The entire democratic state ticket headed by James B. Frazier for governor, has been elected by a majority estimated at 50,000.

IDAHO.

Boise, Nov. 6.—Returns show the election of the entire republican state and congressional tickets. A republican majority on joint ballot seems assured and W. E. Borang probably will succeed Senator Heitfelt in the United States senate.

NEVADA.

Reno, Nov. 6.—The fusion party has elected Sparks governor, Van Dusen for congress and the entire legislature. Newlands will have a two-thirds vote on joint ballot of the legislature for the United States senate.

INDIANA.

Indianapolis, Nov. 6.—The republican state committee claims 100 of the 150 members of the Indiana legislature and says that Senator Fairbanks will be re-elected by the largest majority Indiana has given any senator since the civil war.

WASHINGTON.

Seattle, Nov. 6.—The democrats concede the election of the three congressmen at large by an average majority of 9,000. The republicans will have a majority of 30 on joint ballot in the legislature.

ARIZONA.

Phoenix, Nov. 6.—The election of a delegate to congress from Arizona is still in doubt. Whether republican or democratic, the majority probably will be less than 300.

WYOMING.

Cheyenne, Nov. 5.—Meagre returns from the state indicate that the entire republican ticket is elected Mondell, republican, for congress will have 4,000 majority.

GEN. CORBIN'S REPORT.

It Contains Interesting Statistics Regarding the Army—Obsolete Arms—The Canteen.

Washington, Nov. 8.—The annual report of Gen. Henry C. Corbin, adjutant general of the army, deals with every feature of the army, and begins with a statement showing how the army is to be reduced, by December 1, to 60,020 men, of which 2,877 belong to the staff department.

The report shows that during the fiscal year there were 35 officers killed in action or died of wounds and disease, 21 resigned and 68 retired. Of the enlisted men 1,227 were killed or died of wounds and disease, 35,806 were discharged on the expiration of service, 5,698 were discharged for disability or dismissed by order of court-martial, 4,667 deserted, two were missing and 203 retired.

The adjutant general has obtained the number and kind of arms in the hands of the national guard in the several states and finds less than 4,000 United States magazine rifles in their possession. Of the multitude of other type, he says: "This heterogeneous collection of obsolete arms is a very serious detriment to the efficiency of the entire national guard, which, in organization, drill, instruction, etc., assimilates closely to the regular army, and should be armed with the same arms as the latter. If called into service under this deplorable condition, much trouble and vexatious delays are involved in providing the different kinds of ammunition required and in urgent or unforseen contingencies may lead to disastrous results."

Gen. Corbin in calling attention to his former recommendation that the rank and pay of military attaches abroad should be increased, suggests that retired officers of high rank might be selected for this service. While the number of attaches have been decreased the service has improved because of the reciprocal relations that have been established with the war departments of the several governments where officers are stationed. He cites the two cases where the military attache at Paris secured the model of the Lebel rifle and the French saddle from the French government.

General Corbin has the following to say regarding the canteen: "The restoration of the exchange as it existed prior to the passage of the act of February 2, 1901, prohibiting the sale of beer, is desired and urged by the great majority of officers and men and by none more than those of pronounced temperance views. Numerous reports confirm the view that the old exchange contributed to the sobriety, health and contentment of the men. The increase of desertions and of trials for infractions of discipline is, by those best informed, attributed to the abolition of the former privileges of the exchange."

LETTER CARRIERS.

Eighteen Thousand of Them Are Employed in Our Cities — Rural Free Delivery to be Extended.

Washington, Nov. 8.—The annual gross cost of a complete rural free delivery service throughout the United States will approximate $24,000,000, according to the annual report First Assistant Postmaster General Wynne has received from August W. Machen, general superintendent of the service. The remaining 700,000 square miles not now covered by rural free delivery service will require the employment of 26,000 or 27,000 carriers in addition to those now employed, making the entire number of carriers when the extension of the service is completed within the next three years 40,000.

To extend the service 12,000 routes a year until it becomes universal, the report says, will require such largely increased appropriations that the annual postage deficits for the ensuing two or three years will probably reach $8,000,000 or $10,000,000, if not more; but once the service is completed the additional revenue derived will soon reduce the deficits to present figures, if not entirely wipe them out.

During the year 1902, 12,403 petitions for the service were filed, making a total on July 1, last, of 22,646, which exceeded by over 2,000 the total number during the preceding four years. Since July petitions received have averaged over 600 a month. With the amount required for routes to begin December 1, the entire appropriation has been absorbed, leaving on December 1 fully 1,700 routes for which there is no appropriation available. This number probably will be increased by January 1 to at least 2,500.

Mr. Wynne and Mr. Machen say that to comply with the demands of the people and of members of congress the department will require an additional appropriation, otherwise further establishment of the service will be deferred until July 1 next. If the additional funds are granted 15,000 rural free delivery letter carriers will be in active service by May 1.

On July 1 the city free delivery service embraced 933 cities, including four in the insular possessions, and the total number of uniformed letter carriers in the city service was 17,785. It is estimated that free delivery will be extended to 72 offices during the current year.

Dr. Kedzies Dies.

Lansing, Mich., Nov. 8.—Dr. Robert C. Kedzie, for 40 years professor of chemistry at the Michigan Agricultural college, but who was retired from active duty last June and made professor emeritus, died last night at the age of 79 years. Prof. Kedzie was a native of New York state. He graduated from Oberlin college in 1846 and was a member of the first graduating class of the medical department of the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor in 1851. During the civil war he served as surgeon of the Twelfth Michigan infantry.

Cameron County Press

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per year.....$2 00
If paid is advance.....$1 50

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business Cards, five lines or less $5.00 per year over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising

No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO Law Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

☞No advertisements will be accepted at less than the price for fifteen words.

☞Religious notices free.

EDITORIAL MENTION.

Minister Wu-Ting-Fang has been recalled again. He may go one of these times.

‡ ‡

The election is over and now all we will hear for sometime is "how it happened."

‡ ‡

Politicans out for office have had many opportunities to furnish coal to the poor this fall.

‡ ‡

October was indeed a warm month. Now that the election is over we trust the weather will change.

‡ ‡

Cleveland has a touch of the political fever. He says the Democratic opportunity has arrived.

The meat combine is still combining and indications are that it will include all kinds of foodstuffs.

‡ ‡

After the politicians got through, the tax payers and citizens came forward and played the winning cards in the political game.

‡ ‡

Cold weather has apparently been awaiting the settlement of the coal strike. Will someone notify November that it is over.

‡ ‡

The government has just withdrawn from public entry 6,000,000 more acres of public land in California, in different tracts, and forest reserves will probably be created.

‡ ‡

The arbitration commission has made a very thorough investigation of the coal miners, and now the miners are wondering what the harvest will be.

‡ ‡

English army statistics show that out of every 100 bullets which hit soldiers in war, 39 will lodge in the legs, 30 in the arms, 20 in the trunk of the body, 1 in the neck and 10 in the head, on the average.

‡ ‡

We are now in the Thanksgiving month. What have you had or what have you got to be thankful for? Every person certainly has something for which to offer thanks.

‡ ‡

And now the American people are grumbling because it is proposed to take the duty off of foreign coal. They say that it is not nearly so good as the American fuel.

‡ ‡

One of our exchanges says: "Miss Anna Dann, for years private secretary to Miss Susan B. Anthony, was married a few days ago at the home of a lady friend by Rev. Miss Anna Shaw. No mention is made of the groom, but it is presumed that he was a man.

‡ ‡

Roswell Peardsley, aged 93 years, of North Lansing, N. Y., is the oldest postmaster in the country. He has held the office for 74 years and expects to continue in Uncle Sam's service for sometime to come. Mr. Beardsley has survived 20 presidents, and 35 postmaster generals.

‡ ‡

According to the report forwarded to the minister of education, children who are 4 years old should sleep 12 hours; children who are 7 years old, 11 hours; children who are 9 years old, 10 hours; children who are from 12 to 14 years old, from 9 to 10 hours, and those who are from 14 to 21 years old, from 9 to 10 hours.

‡ ‡

Expert handwriting evidence has received a severe blow in New York. In the trial of the Molineaux case the prosecution had handwriting experts to prove that Molineaux did address and write certain letters, and the defense had an equal number of experts to prove that he did not write them. Both sides have proved that they were right.

According to figures recently compiled, the death rate in Ireland is considerably in excess of that of other countries in the United Kingdom and on the continent. The figures show that the death rate in Belfast is 21.3 per thousand, in Waterford 21.9 in Londonderry 22.6 in Cork and Limerick 24.3, and in Dublin 29.5. On this showing, Dublin, a city of less than 400,000 inhabitants, has a much higher death rate than any city in the United States with a population in excess of 100,000. In fact, the only two cities of this size in the United States to approach the figures of Dublin are New Orleans, with a death rate of 28.9 per thousand, and Memphis, with a death rate of 25.1 per thousand.

Hon. S. R. Dresser, by his magnificent run for Congress in a new district, carring every county therein, even Center county, which is generally counted in the Democratic column, has put himself in line for governor of the state. It will be a western man next time and Bradford would be eligible, geographically. Mr. Dresser would make a capable and winning candidate.—Bradford Star.

The Elk county Republicans had two gentleman by the name of Blank on their ticket. It is needless to say that they were both overwhelmingly defeated. According to the news that comes from that end of this judicial district the breed of Republicans are not so much noted for stalwartism as they might be. The instances referred to above are those of two Republicans who flunked off the ticket when it was no longer possible to get the vacancies filled. We wonder if Boss Hall has sequestered the Elk county Republicans so much that they have lost their vitality.—Lock Haven Times.

JUST WHAT YOU NEED.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets.

When you feel dull after eating.
When you have no appetite
When you have a bad taste in the mouth.
When your liver is torpid.
When your bowels are constipated.
When you have a headache.
When you feel bilious.

They will improve your appetite, cleanse and invigorate your stomach, and regulate your liver and bowels. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by L. Taggart.

First Fork.

Geo. Goss is having a severe tussle with the sciatica, but is on the gain a little.

Isaac Bowen is marketing his apples at Austin and Costello at 75 cents a bushel.

Sam'l Card, one of the old settlers of Wharton was buried at that place on Thursday last.

Mrs. Annie Jones and Mrs. Wolf of Sinnemahoning drove up and made a short visit on Sunday.

The cold weather of the past few days, makes us think of the coal strike and how many ducats a man will have to put up for a ton of coal.

As we have all been to election and saved the country we can now settle down to other business. Of course we have to hurrah a little yet, for the Republican victory.

Orrin and Oscar Card have returned from Idaho, but don't see the advantages of the country alike. They brought back some splendid specimens of fruit, skins etc. Orrin says he is going back in April to prove up his claims.

Fred Caldwell, Fred Williams and Geo. Morton killed a bear last Wednesday, Geo. doing the shooting. It was a fine one, a yearling, and was sold at Austin to the butchers. Chauncey and Jesse Logue and Fred Williams brought in a big doe on Saturday night and now the savory smell of venison cooking, makes a fellow think of the old times when deer were plenty.

We have two mills in process of erection near here and the machinery is on the ground for both of them. Tanner & Co., are building a saw, plaining and shingle mill on Goss Bro's place, and Mr. Beals is putting up the Orrin Card mill from Nelson Run on the D. D. Colcord place for sawing shingles, heading, etc. There is to be a grist mill attached to it which will be a great accommodation to the farmers in this section.

DR. FENNER'S
KIDNEY and
Backache
CURE

All diseases of Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs. Also Rheumatism, Backache, Heart Disease, Gravel, Dropsy, Female Troubles.

Don't become discouraged. There is a cure for you. If necessary write Dr. Fenner. He has spent a life time curing just such cases as yours. All consultations Free.

"Eight months in bed, heavy backache, pain and soreness across kidneys, also rheumatism. Other remedies failed, Dr. Fenner's Kidney and Backache Cure cured me completely. H. WATERS, Hamlet, N. Y."

Druggists, 50c., $1. Ask for Cook Book—Free.

ST. VITUS' DANCE Sure Cure. Circular, Dr Fenner, Fredonia, N.Y

For sick headache try Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets; they will ward off the attack if taken in time. For sale by L. Taggart.

The wolves always applaud when the shepherd whips the sheep.

Asleep Amid Flames.

Breaking into a blazing home, some firemen lately dragged the sleeping inmates from death. Fancied security, and death near. It's that way when you neglect coughs and colds. Don't do it. Dr. Kings New Discovery for Consumption gives perfect protection against all Throat, Chest and Lung Troubles. Keep it near, and avoid suffering, death, and doctor's bills. A teaspoonful stops a late cough, persistent use the most stubborn. Harmless and nice tasting, it's guaranteed to satisfy by L. Taggart. Price 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free.

The serpent of sin never hisses until it is struck

He who loves his work never worries over his reward.

A Startling Surprise.

Very few could believe in looking at A. T. Hoadley, a healthy, robust blacksmith of Tilden, Ind., that for ten years he suffered such tortures from Rheumatism as few could endure and live. But a wonderful change followed his taking Electric Bitters. "Two bottles wholly cured me," he writes, "and I have not felt a twinge in over a year." They regulate the Kidneys, purify the blood and cure Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervousness, improve digestion and give perfect health. Try them. Only 50c at L. Taggart's drug store

It is easy to leave out sins when we learn to loathe them.

Luck in Thirteen.

By sending 13 miles Wm. Spirey, of Walton Furnace. Vt., got a box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, that wholly cured a horrible Fever Sore on his leg. Nothing else could. Positively cures Bruises, Corns and Piles. Only 25c. Guaranteed by L. Taggart druggist.

When our faith crowns Christ He will crown our faith.

Startling, but True.

"If every one knew what a grand medicine Dr. King's New Life Pills is," writes D. H. Turner, Dempseytown, Pa., "you'd sell all you have in a day. Two weeks' use had made a new man of me." Infallible for constipation, stomach and liver troubles 25c at L. Taggart's drug store.

One of the first of his bachelor habits which a bridegroom overcomes during the honeymoon is the fancy that he is utterly unworthy of such an angelic creature.

AFTER THE BATTLE

Some are found bleeding and sore, while others have a fit of the blues. No if there should be any so unfortunate as to suffer from the effects of accidents we have the Balm for their pains and aches, let it be either for man or beast.

Our liniment and powders for horses or cattle are always the best.

Our medicines are pure and always get there. The prices are right too.

Our patent medicine department is supplied with all the standard remedies and we can supply your on short notice.

Our toilet and fancy goods department we keep up to the times.

Our Prescription department receives our closest attention and all calls answered day or night. Just touch the button. In fact we are here to do business and serve the public.

M. - A. - ROCKWELL,
THE PHARMACIST,

Wall Paper.

At Taggart's Drug Store the finest line ever brought to town. Prices lower than you ever saw them. Double rolls as low as 5c and the very best at 35c. Border just a liitle in advance of paper.

Paints, Varnish, Stains,
Varnish Stains,
Enamel,

in all shades and colors. A better line than ever offered to our people. Don't fail to call and examine.

L. TAGGART.

We Have What You Need!

To brush up and make beautiful your home. The season of the year for such work has arrived and we would call the attention of the public to our very large and reliable line of Paints, Oils, Varnishes, the best in the world. In addition to the best paints, we have a first-class line of De Voe & Co.'s Brushes. Get a move on and be prepared to paint before the workmen are all engaged. We can save you money.

While you are painting your home or business place let us talk a little with you on Bath and Closets, Hot Water, Steam or anything in that line. Our increased facilities and expert workmen will do you good work. Don't deay until too late.

Farmers should bear in mind that we handle Plows, Harrows, Rakes, etc. In fact our Hardware, Stove and Plumbing Departments are up to the best.

Write or wire us, when a competent agent will call on you.

Murry & Coppersmith Co.

Our New Goods.

Have arrived and we are ready for the Summer campaign.

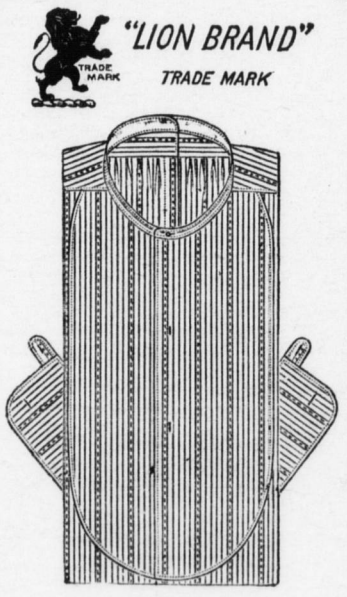
During the past few months we have almost entirely closed out all left-over stock, therefore start in with an

Entirely New Stock.

READY-MADE CLOTHING, (Stylish make.)
ELEGANT LINE of FURNISHINGS,
TRUNKS, SATCHELS, &c.

We are agents for the LION Brand Shirts and have recently received a very fine assortment of these celebrated

$1.00 SHIRTS



They Are Beauties.

We continue to keep the.

MAC HURDLE DRESS SHIRTS.

We want every citizen of this county to call and inspect our present stock, feeling assured that you will be pleased.

R. SEGER & SON,
Next to Bank, Emporium, Pa

Fall and Winter Goods

Our Fall and Winter goods are now ready for your inspection. Never before have we been so careful in selecting our stock, and can now give you values that will please, as well as the lowness in price consistent with the quality of our goods.

Clothing and Overcoats.

In this line we have an extraordinary handsome stock and if you will come and inspect it you will agree with our assertion.

SHOES.

A complete line of fall and winter Shoes just received. Our assortment has been selected with great care as to meet the wants of the people. As to style, quality and price, we think we are the leaders.

Underwear.

We have just opened some reliable underwear for gentlemen, and are ready to supply you with servicable goods. The season is soon at hand for this line of wear.

Hats and Caps.

If you buy your Hats and Caps here it is the correct style wherever you go. Our line is complete and we are showing everything that is new.

Fine Furs.

Furs cut quite a figure with the fairer sex and our stock is most handsome this season. We are prepared to give you the best values and up to date goods. We extend a cordial invitation to the ladies of this county to come and examine our line. Come early, before the large stock is broken.

☞We handle Union made goods.

Jasper Harris,

The People's Popular Clothier.

Balcom & Lloyd.

Prepared For the Season

We have opened and are displaying a choice line of . .

FANCY DRY GOODS

specially selected for the . .

Fall Season.

We have gathered such articles as combine elegance with utility and at

Very Reasonable ~ Prices ~

Balcom & Lloyd.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., Nov. 5, 1902.

MEMOPHILA, per sack	$1 15
Graham, "	60
Rye "	60
Buckwheat, "	75
Patent Meal, "	50
Coarse Meal, per 100,	1 50
Chop Feed, "	1 50
Middlings, Fancy "	1 50
Bran,	1 15
Corn, per bushel,	84
White Oats, per bushel,	48
Choice Clover Seed, Choice Timothy Seed, Choice Millet Seed, Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..

R. C. DODSON.

Telephone, 19-2.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card or letter, personally.

Rev. W. A. Pugsley is spending a few days in Philadelphia.

Mrs. Will S. Walker, of Austin, is visiting friends and relatives at this place.

Miss Louise Holman, of Oberlin, Ohio, is the guest of the Misses Taggart, Fourth street.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Shedden of Kansas, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. R. McQuay.

Mrs. C. W. Beldin of Sinnamahoning and Mrs. Chas. Ross of More Hill were PRESS visitors on Saturday.

Mrs. Philip Dixon, of St. Marys, spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Garrity, of this place.

Mrs. Dornish and two little sons, of St. Marys, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Renninger, Fourth street, the past week.

Dr. DeLong and wife, who have been spending several months in the north, returned last Thursday to their Florida home.

B. L. Spence made a hurried trip to Clarion aounty on Tuesday, to inform his brothers of the death of H. P. Spence.

Rev. Robert McCaslin returned Saturday from Pennville, Pa., where he assisted in conducting evangelistic meetings.

P. H. Fitzpatrick, formerly a citizen of this place visited in town on Tuesday. He has the brick contract on St. Marys opera house.

A. H. Barr and wife, of Huston Hill, were visitors in Emporium yesterday, having been called here to attend the funeral of Daniel Barr.

John Dodge was severely burned about the face by acid at Keystone Powder works last Thursday but is now able to resume his duties.

The wise editor of the Youngsville Citizen asserts that the easiest way to keep a good hired girl in the farm home is to get a good looking hired man.

E. W. Stone, of Port Allegany, came over on Saturday, remaining until Monday, with his brother Dan'l Stone, who is quite feeble at the residence of N. J. Swartz.

Dr. and Mrs Baker returned yesterday from a short visit to Williamsport friends.

C. G. Schmidt and wife are visiting friends and relatives at Berwick. We are sorry to learn that friend Schmidt has met with a mishap that somewhat mars his visit, by falling down stairs. It is hoped that no serious results will follow.

Mrs. M. A. Rockwell has just completed a substantial sidewalk along her Cherry street property.

A dispatch from Wellsville says: Work will begin this week on the Southern extension of the Buffalo & Susquehanna railroad from Sinnemahoning, in Potter county, Pa., to DuBois, Clearfield county, Pa., a distance of 48 miles. Goodyear Brothers have given the contract for the work to Frank Greco of Galeton. The North-western extension of the road from Wellsville to Buffalo, will be started early in the spring.

Humor of Boys and Girls.

From twelve on an increasing percentage of the children relinquish the idea that self is necessary in the joke and give more impersonal accounts. Girls more frequently than boys quote the humor of the refined adult and in personal experiences often describe occasions of their own timidity. This is probably due to the different home training a girl receives. She is continually drilled "to be a lady," which in most cases means to drop her natural instincts and to imitate the adults of her environment. About twelve she loses the fearlessness she has hitherto shared with her brothers and becomes good prey for their "scaring" schemes. This seems to develop the boys' teasing abilities, for, while before almost all their tricks were on their own sex, now the acme of their fun as recorded is to frighten some girl or to make her look ridiculous. A boy of twelve illustrates this tendency and by his mixed clauses gives further material for smiles. "The best joke I saw played was putting a bunch of firecrackers by a lady that were not lit, and they scared her."—Century.

A Score.

Twenty is called a score because it represents the whole man, ten fingers and ten toes. Etymologically it means a cut or mark. In very early times, when men could not count beyond twenty, or "one man," it was usual to cut a notch in a stick and begin again, and so it went on, one man, two men, and so on. This is why sheep are still counted by the score. Now, a tally (French taille, cut or nicked) means an account kept by means of a notched stick, and until the end of the eighteenth century such sticks were given as exchequer receipts, accompanied by a written document. This was also the usual way of keeping accounts in the inns of the middle ages. The number of drinks or meals a customer had were scored against him on what was called a tally stick, and when it reached twenty, or a "whole man," he was expected to pay. In some English country inns scores are still kept on a slate, four chalk marks and one across—five—and four of these make twenty, or a score.

For His Sovereign's Sake.

The shah of Persia when in France suffered from a toothache, and so a dentist was summoned to remove the offending tooth. But, like less exalted mortals, the shah, when he found himself face to face with the dentist, discovered that his toothache had disappeared, and so absolutely refused to be operated on. However, his majesty declared that he did not wish the dentist to lose his time, and so commanded that a tooth should be extracted from each of his suit. He said this with his eyes fixed on the ground, and then, suddenly looking up, found, to his intense amusement, that all his ministers and staff had quietly slipped away except the grand vizier, whom he complimented upon being the only one faithful enough to undergo a little discomfort for his sovereign's sake. Then he dismissed the dentist with a present.

A child of Mrs. Geo. T. Benson, when getting his usual Saturday night bath, stepped back against a hot stove which burned him severely. The child was in great agony and his mother could do nothing to pacify him. Remembering that she had a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm in the house, she thought she would try it. In less than half an hour after applying it the child was quiet and asleep, and in less than two weeks was well. Mrs. Benson is a well known resident of Kellar, Va. Pain Balm is an antiseptic liniment and especially valuable for burns, cuts, bruises and sprains. For sale by L. Taggart.

The aroma of a flower does not depend on its size.

It is a poor brand of piety that must be preserved in a refrigerator church.

The Best Remedy for Croup.

(From the Atchison, Kan., Daily Globe.)

This is the season when the woman who knows the best remedies for croup is in demand in every neighborhood. One of the most terrible things in the world is to be awakened in the middle of the night by a whoop from one of the children. The croup remedies are almost as sure to be lost, in case of cronp, as a revolver is sure to be lost in case of burglars. There used to be an old fashioned remedy for croup known as hive syrup and tolu' but some modern mothers say that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is better, and does not cost so much. It causes the patient to "throw up the phlegm" quicker, and gives relief in a shorter time. Give this remedy as soon as the croupy cough appears and it will prevent the attack. It never fails and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by L. Taggart.

There is a long step from "My Father," to "Our Father."

For a Bad Cold.

If you have a bad cold you need a good reliable medicine like Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to loosen and relieve it, and to allay the irritation and inflammation of the throat and lungs. For sale by L. Taggart.

Notice of Administratrix.

Estate of ALONZO CHEESBRO, deceased.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Alonzo Cheesbro, late of Shippen township, Cameron county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Dora Cheesbro, residing in said township, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands, will make known the same without delay.

DORA CHEESBRO, Administratrix.
GREEN & SHAFFER, Solicitors.
Emporium, Pa., Oct. 30, 1902. 37-6t

The Place to Buy Cheap
—IS AT—
J. F. PARSONS'

The Broad Street
Meat Market
is the place to buy your meats. We handle nothing but the very best. Will have
SPRING LAMB,
CHICKENS,
HOME-MADE MINCE MEAT,
HOME-MADE SAUSAGE,
FRESH OYSTERS,
WEANERS AND
LIVER SAUSAGE
Special Prices on many articles. It will pay you to call and see what we have.
GOODS DELIVERED PROMPTLY.
Geo. H. Gross.

If You Could Look into the future and see the condition to which your cough, if neglected, will bring you, you would seek relief at once—and that naturally would be through
Shiloh's Consumption Cure
Guaranteed to cure Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all Lung Troubles. Cures Coughs and Colds in a day. 25 cents. Write to S. C. WELLS & CO., Le Roy, N. Y., for free trial bottle.
Karl's Clover Root Tea purifies the Blood

$10,000 Bankrupt Sale of Furniture
We secured under most favorable conditions, the entire stock of
The Mankey Mfg. Company,
AT BANKRUPT SALE.
This purchase, a very fortunate and opportune one—brought to us about $10,000 worth of bed room suites, dressers, washstands and sideboards, bright and new, direct from the factory, which we will dispose of at virtually next-to-nothing prices. Now we are ready for this great sale, the most important furniture event ever offered you. A sale that will make new history in our business. High class, up-to-date, thoroughly reliable furniture at much less than cost of manufacture. We want you to come to this sale, to see and compare the furniture with that you can buy elsewhere at even double our prices. We will leave it to you then, as judge to say where the greatest values can be had. It is only through a purchase of this kind, that these stupendous bargains are made possible—a chance that comes your way but seldom. This will be a quick decided event, the stock must be cleared out at once, as we have no room for storage purposes. If you have any particular fancy about style, wood or pattern, you had better come early or the very thing you want may be gone. Judges of furniture making and exceptional values are especially requested to inspect these goods, and examine every detail of quality, workmanship and durability. Owing to limitation of space, we cannot give details of this irresistable sale.
We cordially invite correspondence from prospective buyers who cannot visit us in person.
G. J. LaBAR'S
OLD RELIABLE FURNITURE STORE,
EMPORIUM, PA.

Fobert
The Tailor
We have the best assortment of
WOOLENS for
Fall and Winter
The best workmanship.
All first-class work and
Strictly latest style.
Remember our prices are the lowest.
If you want a suit of clothes don't wait until the rush before ordering. Don't put off ordering until too late. Leave your order now.
All Work Guaranteed
J. L. FOBERT,
Emporium, Pa.

MONEY SAVING PRICES.
DAY'S
THE SATISFACTORY STORE.
"A penny saved is a penny earned," and a mighty easy way to earn it is to keep watch of the values this store offers and trade here.
Here are our specials, everyone GOOD VALUE—This week
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
Pearl Tapioca, in bulk lb. You usually pay 10c for no better. 5C
California hams, Dold quality. Our regular price 12½c 11C
Fruit Jam. Assorted high grade. Our regular 15c jar 12C
Olives, Spanish Queen selected Regular 15c bottle. Big value. 12C
25 Lb. Bag Sugar Best Granulated. $1.40
Sugar Corn, choice quality can, packed in Caynga Co., N. Y. 8C
With the present scarcity of corn and prevailing high prices, this is a bargain you will not be likely to get again.
BUTTER Not the common ordinary kind but the very best butter possible to procure, That's our Elmwood Creamery. Always reliable. Try it. 1 pound prints, wrapped in parchment paper, each, 31c.
CRACKERS The reason of great demand for our crackers is, the people know that they are right. First quality, fresh and crisp.
Phone 6. J. H. DAY

Ready for
Fall and Winter
Coats, Capes and Cloaks. As the cold weather season draws near, you must be prepared to meet the winds of the chilly winter, and we are now ready with a much larger stock than heretofore, to meet your wants. The very latest styles in Ladies' Coats, Capes and Cloaks. If you fail to see our large stock and get our prices you will be the loser
Furs. In the fur line we lead in this county. We have anything in this line that can be desired and the prices are sure to make ready sales. Call and see our large stock.
Shirt Waist Patterns. We carry a handsome line of Shirt Waist Patterns, as our large trade in this line fully demonstrates.
We are now ordering carpet by samples and can surely please you from our large stock of patterns. We can furnish you from the cheapest to the most expensive.
We invite the citizens to visit our store and get our prices. You will receive cordial treatment whether you purchase or not.
M. C. TULIS.

SPRING HAS COME
As spring opens everyone desires to have something fresh from their own garden as early as possible and
FRANK SHIVES'
is the very place to buy the best seeds of all kinds, both early and late varieties.
A full line of choice Clover, Timothy, Orchard Grass, Red Top and Lawn Grass in season. Also Millet and Hungarian Grass. Then his choice Hams, Bacon, Fresh Meat and Eggs deserve your attention. A few words about our Groceries and staple articles will not be out of place. Our Coffees and Teas can be relied on as always fresh. Sugars and Spices that will always please the thrifty housekeeper, while Canned Goods in every variety are presented for you to choose from. The freshest goods always to be found here. Prices reasonable and quality the best. Sole agent for Pillsbury flour, which is known the world over as the best.
FRANK SHIVES.

Well Protected.
A revolver or a rifle should be in every household. Although it may not be used by a woman once in a year, it is there—a household guard.
The sporting season will soon be upon us. Needn't wait for that though. You will find lots of sport in here just buying your hunting paraphernalia. Stocks large, and prices so small, that you will have to set your dog to sniffing them out. We have full assortment—Ammunition—everything complete.
HARRY S. LLOYD.

COMRADERY.

Good comrade mine, I do not care
Along what path our feet shall fare,
So be we toss our burdens by,
And wander free beneath the sky,
Hale brethren of the sun and air.

The morn awaits us, and the noon;
Aye, even till the peer of moon,
With fern and flower, with bird and bee,
With reed and vine, with grass and tree,
Our spirits shall be close in tune.

And well I know that we shall bring
Back from our outland gypsying
A largess captured from the mirth
And lovingness of mother-earth
Whose soul is ever like the spring.

Then grip the pilgrim staff. Afar
The hills and hermit hollows are;
The sun pours 'round us virgin gold,
And from yon violet height, behold,
The unknown beckons like a star!
—Clinton Scollard, in N. Y. Independent.

A Knave of Conscience

By FRANCIS LYNDE.

(Copyright 1900, by Francis Lynde.)

CHAPTER XXVII.

The day after the riot—the day upon which Margery Grierson had asked her father for bread and got a stone—was fraught with other happenings to more than one of those whose trivial tale this is. The first of these fell upon Jasper Grierson, as we have seen, and was little short of a rebellion in his own household. The next was of import to one Andrew Galbraith.

The president of the Bayou state bank was spending a very pleasant vacation in the quiet Minnesota summer resort. The people at the hotel were chiefly from New Orleans, and hence congenial; the cooking was good, the weather perfect, and the few social doors of the town that Mr. Galbraith cared to enter were opened wide to him. Moreover, Mr. Jasper Grierson had been exceedingly kind to a crabbed old man who was without kith or kin to make much of him; and Miss Margery had quite neglected the younger men to be gracious to him.

It was in the forenoon of this day of happenings, while Mr. Galbraith was smoking his after-breakfast cigar on the great veranda which overlooks the lake, that a caller was announced. A bellboy brought the card from the office, and Mr. Galbraith adjusted his glasses leisurely and read the name.

"'Mr. Kenneth Griswold,' eh? I don't recall the name. Stop a bit—yes, I do. He is Miss Maggie's writer friend. Ask him if he will step out here, where it's cooler."

The bellboy disappeared, and presently returned, towing Griswold. The old man rose with the courtly good breeding of the elder generation and shook hands with his visitor.

"I am glad to met you, Mr. Griswold. Miss Grierson has often spoken of you. Sit down—sit down and be comfortable. If you could only have our Louisiana winters to put with your summers, this would be Paradise itself."

Griswold made shift to make some acknowledgment, sat down, and began to fumble for his cigar case. What he had come prepared to say to Mr. Galbraith was not made any easier by this instant lugging in of Margery Grierson as his social sponsor.

"A cigar?" said the banker, interrogatively. "Try one of mine; they are Cubans with a pedigree, and if I may toot my own pipe a bit, I'll say they are not to be duplicated this side of New Orleans."

Griswold took the proffered cigar and was still more ill at ease. While he hesitated, not knowing exactly how to begin the tale which should twist itself into a warning to the would-be purchaser of worthless pine lands, the old man leaned back in his chair, regarding him with kindly interest. But all at once he sat up very straight, and the kindly gaze became a sharp scrutiny.

"Have you ever been in New Orleans, Mr. Griswold?" he asked, abruptly.

Griswold was instantly on his guard, but in the thick of it he set his teeth upon a sudden resolve not to lie.

"I have; but not very recently."

"H'm; may I ask how recently?"

"I was south for a few weeks last spring, and spent part of the time in New Orleans."

Andrew Galbraith sat back in his chair, and for all his apparent lapse into disinterest, Griswold could see the long upper lip twitch nervously.

"H'm; last spring, you say? We had quite a bit of excitement last spring, Mr. Griswold. Did you chance to hear of the robbery of the Bayou bank while you were there?"

Now Griswold knew that, notwithstanding the seeming abstraction of his questioner, he was under the sharpest surveillance that a pair of well-trained old eyes could bring to bear; knew this, and made sure that the slightest hesitation, the merest quivering of a muscle, would betray him. So, though his lips were parched and his tongue clave to his teeth, he answered with well-simulated nonchalance:

"I read of it in the newspapers on my way north," he said, with exact and literal truthfulness. "I remember thinking it was the most brazen thing I had ever heard of. I presume you know all the parties concerned?"

This was said with the mildest possible shading of decent curiosity, and was a very master stroke of evasion, which did its work effectually for the time. Andrew Galbraith smiled a sour little smile, and confessed that he knew one of the parties very well indeed, and went about to explain that the Bayou bank was his bank.

Griswold listened respectfully, said "Ah? it must have been a thrilling experience," and said no more. And if he had been from his earliest childhood the closest student of the various methods of averting a crisis he could not have done better.

A little interval of smokers' silence intervened, and Griswold was the first to break it. The thing he had come to say admitted no preface, so he began in the midst.

"What I came here this morning to tell you, Mr. Galbraith, may strike you as an odd thing with which to begin an acquaintance; but as we have no mutual friends, and as common justice is, or should be, more far-reaching than mere acquaintance, I felt it my duty to come. I happened to hear the other day that you were likely to become interested with Mr. Grierson in the Red Lake pine lands. Was my information correct?"

Andrew Galbraith's eyes looked their shrewdest at this, but he answered in the affirmative, and Griswold went on.

"Pardon me if I seem impertinent, but is the transaction concluded?"

The banker said it was, in effect; that it wanted but the passing of a check to its conclusion.

"It involves a good bit of money, doesn't it?"

"It does that, but it's a fine chance to make money."

"May I ask upon what you base that statement?"

"Why, my dear sir! upon the standing pine, to be sure. At the present rate of consumption, a five-year holding of a good-sized bit of virgin pine land will treble its value."

"Of virgin forest—exactly. But this particular tract you are buying has been culled and re-culled for ten years or more."

"Wha—what's that you're saying?" Andrew Galbraith staggered up out of his chair heavily, and Griswold saw again the terrified president of the Bayou bank as he had seen him on that momentous morning in the private office in New Orleans. But this time the start was only momentary. Mr. Galbraith sat down again, and picked up the cigar he had dropped in the shock of it; picked it up and wiped it carefully with true Scottish canniness.

"I think you must be mistaken, Mr. Griswold," he went on. "I have a file of expert reports thick enough to make a book!"

Griswold rose and held out his hand.

"I have done what I conceived to be my duty, Mr. Galbraith—a rather disagreeable duty at that—and I hope you'll pardon me if I have seemed unwarrantably meddlesome. But I also hope you will send an experienced land looker whom you can trust absolutely before you let that check pass. Good morning."

CHAPTER XXVIII.

In the matter of the armistice Margery was as good as her word—and a little better. She did not go over to the enemy promptly upon its expiration, as she had said she would. Instead, she gave her father another and a final warning.

"Oh, pshaw! what can you do?" was his rather contemptuous rejoinder when she reminded him that the peace protocol had expired by limitation.

"That is neither here nor there," she returned, coolly. "You will find out what I can do if you drive me to it."

"Bah!" said the man, "to do you've got to know. You don't know anything about my business."

"This is your last word, is it?"

"You can call it anything you like. Go ahead with your pigeon shooting any time you're ready."

Margery bit her lip, gave a little sigh, which might have been of disappointment or of renunciation, and said no more.

But the following morning, after a call upon some newly come guests at the resort hotel, she made it a point to stumble upon Mr. Andrew Galbraith, who was smoking a peaceful cigar on the veranda. The purpose of the stumbling was meant to be very obvious; was obvious, since she made it the occasion of inviting the banker to join the party in the launch for an afternoon on the lake. But after she had given the invitation and had left him, she went back to say:

"Oh, by the way, Mr. Galbraith, I think papa has heard something more about those pine lands—up at Red Lake, you know. They are not worth nearly as much as he thought they were. I think he is trying very hard not to believe it, but—'

She stopped abruptly, not because of any maidenly embarrassment, but because she had the rare faculty of knowing when she had said enough. Mr. Andrew Galbraith's smile was shrewdly inscrutable, and what he said touched upon the pine land matter only as it might be a doubl' entendre.

"I thank you, Miss Margery. I shall be very happy to join your launch party."

From the summer resort hotel on the lake edge, Miss Grierson drove to the telegraph office and sent a brief message to a far-away mining camp in the Rockies. What she wrote on the square of yellow paper was well within the ten-word limit, but it was fraught with consequences to Jasper Grierson out of all proportion to its brevity. "He has broken faith, and you may come," was the message ticked off by the wires into western space. And when she had paid for it, and had seen it shot bullet-wise up the pneumatic tube to the operating room, she sighed again. It was another bridge burned; a bridge of price to a young person whose ambitions were chiefly social.

After this she drove home to don her simplest gown while the man was putting up the high-swung trap and the big English horse, and making ready the pony and the phaeton.

She made a long round in the phaeton, driving herself. It began on the manufacturing side of town, and ended there, and was a house-to-house visitation in the quarter occupied by the cottages of the iron works men. She saw few of the men; but she did better. She saw and talked with the wives of the men. What she said to the women, and what her saying of it was like to accomplish was set forth in a brief conference with Edward Raymer at the iron works office—a conference with which the morning of conferences ended.

She found Raymer alone in the office, and was glad enough for that.

"I don't know what you will think of me for meddling in this," she said, when she had told him what she had been doing.

"You may say very justly that it wasn't any of my business; but I saw, or thought I saw, a chance for a woman to do what all you men couldn't seem to do. So I did my part, and now if you'll do yours, I believe the trouble will stop right where it is."

Raymer evaded the business part of it, and gave praise where praise was due, taking her hand and letting his eyes say more than his words.

"I think you are the bravest little woman I ever heard of," he said, warmly. "I haven't the least doubt in the world as to the success of your appeal, and no one but a woman—no one but yourself—could have made it. You may be sure that Griswold and I will do our part."

"if you will, I think we may consider the strike settled." She rose and made as if she would go, but that was only because her courage threatened to fail her while yet the major half of her errand was undone. She fought a brave little fight, and then went back to sit down beside him.

"There is something else," she began, nervously, "and I don't know just how to say it. May I say anything I please?"

"Certainly. The privilege would be yours in any case, but you have just earned it a thousand times over."

"You—you have had some dealings with the bank, haven't you?"

"With your father's bank, you

SHE RAN OUT.

mean? Yes, we keep our account there."

"I didn't mean that; I meant—in the matter of—a loan."

"No, not lately."

She looked the surprise which she did not put into words.

"But you did borrow money, didn't you?"

"Yes."

"And you paid it back?"

"I did; or rather, we did. Mr. Griswold came into the firm just then, and put in enough capital to pay us out of debt."

She was twisting her handkerchief around her fingers, and otherwise displaying a degree of embarrassment which was quite foreign to her, or to Raymer's knowledge of her.

"Would you mind telling me how much it was?"

"Not at all; it was $95,000."

"So much as that? Somehow, I have never thought of Mr. Griswold as a—a capitalist. But it was a good investment for him, wasn't it?"

"It would have been if we had not had this strike."

She paused again, and again assaulted as one who will not be daunted.

"How much has the strike cost you, Mr. Raymer?"

"A great deal more than it would at almost any other time. We had a number of time contracts with forfeitures, and they have lapsed, of course. One hundred thousand dollars wouldn't more than make us whole again."

"So much as that! All of Mr. Griswold's money, and more." So much she said, and then she was silent until her nervousness began to be contagious to Raymer. At length she said: "You know Mr. Griswold pretty well, and love him; and I know him pretty well, too, and—and like him. Did he ever tell you how he came to have so much money?"

"Why, no. In fact, I never thought enough about it to be curious. From the little he has told me about himself I have gathered that he inherited something from his father, and that accounted sufficiently for his means."

Now Griswold had been more confidential with Margery than he had ever been with his business partner, so she knew the story of the slender patrimony, and of its spending. But what has here been written down of Margery Grierson has been ill-written if it has not shown her to be far more discreet than her sex or her age would bespeak. And because she was wiser than her generation, she went swiftly aside from Griswold's affair

"I think that is all I had to say," she said, rising again. "All excepting one other thing, and that is harder to say than all the rest."

Raymer rose with her and took her hand again.

"After what you have done, it mustn't be hard for you to say anything to me, Miss Margery."

"But this thing is hard—for me; not for you. You say you keep you account at the Wahaska National Keep it somewhere else, Mr. Raymer."

He bowed in ready acquiescence. "I'll transfer it at once—and without asking why I should do it," he agreed.

"But—but it is right that you should know why," she faltered. "My father does not like you. Need I say more?"

He pressed the hand he was still holding and smiled down upon her from his athletic height.

"You needn't have said that much. I have good cause to know it. And that makes your loyalty and goodness of heart all the more wonderful to me, Miss Margery. I hope the time will come when I can show you how much I appreciate—"

She snatched her hand away and turned from him. Though he meant it not, he was slipping into the conventional attitude and it was more than she could bear just then. "Good-by," she said, abruptly, and before he could offer to help her she ran out, sprang into the low phaeton and drove rapidly away.

Raymer stood at the office door and watched her out of sight. Then he went back to his desk and sat down to fall into a musing excursion which led him far away from the matter in hand—the matter of the strike and its probable composition in terms of peace. At the end of the reverie, one of its conclusions slipped into speech.

"They may say what they please about her—the mother and Gerty—and the most of the things they say are true; but away down deep in her heart, under nobody knows what a sandbank of trouble and hard-living, there is a vein of the purest gold. I guess I couldn't say that if I were in love with her; and yet—"

[To Be Continued.]

SUBDUING A BULLY.

How a Russian Lady Brought a Brutal Manchu Noble to Her Feet.

The Siberian railroad traverses the greatest wilderness that steam has ever been set to conquer. The taming of our western prairies and mountains was a small task compared to this subjection of the Siberian wastes. An experience on a train, related by a writer, in a Vladivostok paper, reminds one of the early stage coach days beyond the Mississippi, and seems even more violent because the participants in the adventure were not rough plainsmen and mountaineers, but a lady and a nobleman, says the Youth's Companion.

When the train pulled up at Tsitsikar, in Manchuria, a Manchu noble, who had bullied all his fellow passengers, alighted at the station restaurant, after warning them that he would decapitate any of them who took his seat. During his absence a smartly dressed young Russian lady entered the car, and, despite the alarmed expostulations of its occupants, calmly appropriated the seat.

When the noble returned he flew into a passion, and advanced threateningly with his curved saber drawn. But the young woman coolly covered him with a shining revolver.

"Do you take us for a pack of cowardly mandarins?" she exclaimed, and then, pointing to her feet, she remarked: "Here is your place, my hero."

The Manchu noble surrendered, and sat at her feet for the rest of the journey.

Proof of the Lord's Kindness.

As one of the great Atlantic liners was nearing the end of its voyage recently a wealthy passenger on board gave a champagne supper to the other male passengers. Each one of those invited was to render payment by singing a song, dancing a jig or telling a story. Among those on board was one person who had won a reputation for moroseness, for in spite of the constant stream of moss-grown tales which one is forced to listen to on shipboard he had never tried to revenge himself by telling one of his own. Accordingly when his turn came to speak everyone listened eagerly.

"Gentlemen," said he as he rose to his feet, "I can't sing a song or tell a story and I have never danced a jig, so I can only offer a conundrum. In what way is the Lord kinder to a turkey than to man?"

Of course everyone gave it up.

"Because," came the answer, "he doesn't allow it to be stuffed with chestnuts till after it is dead."—Chicago Chronicle.

Deadly Illuminating Gas.

It is asserted by a writer in an American medical weekly that cases of poisoning by illuminating gas are on the increase, and he attributes this to the use of the so-called water gas, which contains a high percentage of the deadly gas called carbon monoxide. In Massachusetts, a law so limiting the proportion of this substance as practically to exclude water gas from use, was repealed about 13 years ago. Since that time, there have been 459 deaths from inhalation of gas, while in a period of equal length preceding the repeal of the law there were only eight deaths from this cause. Carbon monoxide is not only fatal in large quantities, but it produces a general condition of ill-health in very slight proportions, and the writer believes that many puzzling cases of decline in physical vigor are to be attributed to almost inappreciable gas-leaks.—Success

PEACE NOW IN SIGHT

Gen. Fred D. Grant Brings Good News from Philippines.

Inhabitants of Samar Will Make No Further Trouble and Moros Can Be Controlled by a Small Force.

Brig. Gen. Frederick Dent Grant, who pacified the dark and bloody Island of Samar, has returned from the Philippines after three years' service in the islands. He came on the transport Logan and brought with him a bushel of facts about the situation in the island, together with a rather concise idea of the situation down there. Since Gen. Smith, of the "kill and burn" order fame, relinquished his authority over this blood-stained island, Gen. Grant has been in charge. He began the work of bringing the fiery native spirit of the islanders under civil and military control, where Gen. Smith left off, and he pursued the task with a mixed combination of aggressiveness and diplomacy, qualities that predominated in his father, the late president of the United States, U. S. Grant.

Gen. Grant has been in the Philippines since the first outbreak, and during that time he has only been home once, and that was on a two months' sick leave. He goes to San Antonia, Tex., having been appointed to take charge of the department of Texas.

"Samar is enjoying the first period of peace it has ever known," said Gen. Grant, "and I am entirely satisfied that the inhabitants of the island will not attempt to make any further trouble for our government.

"Now that they have been forced by the stress of military operations to cease their hostility, the natives for the most part seem actually and absolutely contented with the new order of things. An incident which occurred just before I left has convinced me that even the natives who live in the thinly populated portions of the islands are no longer opposed

GEN. FRED D. GRANT.
(New Commander of the Military Department of Texas.)

to the invasion of our civil system into their lives, and that they bear no ill will to American citizens or American soldiers.

"When I first went to Samar it was a case of fight your way everywhere, and protect yourself while so doing. A soldier could not venture much out of hailing distance of even the conquered towns without being set upon and killed by savage natives. Now an American can go anywhere and go unarmed. One of our soldiers deserted for some reason or other, and he braved all sorts of dangers and made straight for the interior of the island. He met natives armed to the teeth, but none of them showed any disposition to molest him.

"This particular soldier, whose name I have forgotten, was being court-martialed when I left, but his experiences with the heretofore untamed and savage natives brushed away a doubt and left the authorities in the rather confident attitude of knowing that the island was conquered.

"The Moros, of course, will commit deeds of depredation now and again, but it needs only a strong police force to hold them in check.

"When I first went to Samar I had 56 garrisons and 5,600 men under my command. Peace dawned so rapidly that the forces were gradually withdrawn, and when I left there were but half as many men and only 14 garrisons. This force is more than is necessary to keep insurrection down. The natives are showing a lively interest in the march of civilization that our government has started. Of course, they are a low type of manhood—not a low type in their physical development. They are brave and strong, and have good intellects, but they lack education. They do not know how to read or write. In fact, their education consists of their knowledge how to engage in all sorts of piracy and revel in bloodshed. The day will come, however, when these natives will reach a creditable stage of advancement.

"The natives are not quite as primitive a class as our Indians, but they are still wholly uncivilized. We may expect a little trouble from the natives of the Holo group. They are ruled by a sultan, but they owe him a sort of informal allegiance. I don't think he will prove very strong with his people if ever the time comes that they get into serious trouble with our troops. They are an ignorant, low-bred class and less susceptible to restraint than any other of the natives of that country."

GOOD ROADS NEEDED.

They Promote Social Intercourse and Enable the Ready Marketing of Farm Produce.

The subject of good roads is an all-American subject, but it is one which should be of most interest to those sections which have given it the least attention. Naturally, the best built and the best maintained roads are in districts where there are many people and much stone. But good roads do not come always because the region they traverse is populous; a region sometimes becomes populous because there are good roads. Then, again, there are bad roads in thickly settled districts—in districts where the roads ought to be good. Good roads in a neighborhood indicate progress. They result from progress and they promote progress. They are both cause and effect. Well-kept highways constitute a theme which has engaged the attention of many more persons in the last decade than in any previous one.

The convention of New York republicans at Saratoga adopted a platform containing a good roads plank. In this division of the platform it was set forth that:

"Good roads and canals are two of the important features which make for the material welfare and progress of the commonwealth. The canals provide a channel for commerce, while better highways bring the markets closer to the door of the farmer."

The pledge regarding good roads has appeared in the platforms of political parties in New York before, and that state has perhaps a greater mileage of excellent roads than any other state in the union.

The Baltimore American, in a recent article, in which it made comparison of roads in Maryland to those in New York, said:

"New York roads, compared with those in Maryland, are the better. New York people are dissatisfied with thoroughfares which would be hailed in many parts of this state as the means of revolutionizing travel and traffic. The result is that New York state has grown marvelously rich. Take out half a dozen men who are reputed to have fabulous fortunes, and the state outside of Greater New York is the richest part of the commonwealth. The counties in Maryland have a soil as fertile as New York, and the reason why they are unable to make a great display of property is due mainly to the execrable roads which are almost general in this state."

Good roads enable farmers to haul more produce with the same expenditure of horse power. The farmer saves in time and in wear and tear on horse, harness and wagon. He can sleep later and get to market earlier; stay later at a neighbor's and get home sooner. Good roads promote social intercourse, insufficiency of which is one of the reasons why so many persons leave the country for the city, and why so few give up city life for the country, except at that season when nature is at her best in the country and at her worst in town.

Improved highways have promoted the extension of rural free delivery, and this delivery has aided in the development of better roads, says the Washington Star.

The buggy was a benefit to highways. A road good enough for mounted horsemen and horsewomen, as so many of our predecessors traveled, was not good enough for a buggy. Then the bicycle improved the roadways. A highway good enough for a buggy was not good enough for a bicycle, and thousands of wheelmen rolling through the country did campaign work for the betterment of roads. They told the country folk, and insisted on it, too, that their roads were not as good as some others. This was missionary work, because it is a phenomenon of country life that a man always thinks the road he lives on is very good, or at least not so bad as some others.

As the bicycle helped along the good cause, so will the automobile or the traction carriage. Automobilists want better roads.

Every farmer should help a little by using broad-tire wheels. These wheels not only do not "rut" the roads, but help to maintain them. A broad-tire wheel ought to bear more weight without strain than one with a narrow tire. There is no more friction in the use of a broad tire on a smooth road than in the use of a narrow tire on a rough one. A committee of automobilists reporting recently on New York roads said:

"It is worse than useless to create expensive and valuable highways only to have them cut to pieces by the use of narrow tires, as now used for the hauling of heavy loads in this state. When you have got a good thing, it costs money, and you must take care of it and change your methods to maintain it. Wide tires are of the greatest value in preserving ordinary dirt roads."

Quick Cooling of Milk.

Milk allowed to stand two hours without cooling contained 23 times as many germs as when milking was finished, while that which was cooled to 54 degrees only had four times as many at the end of two hours. This emphasizes the importance of quick and thorough cooling.—Creamery and Dairy.

BACKACHE.

Backache is a forerunner and one of the most common symptoms of kidney trouble and womb displacement.

READ MISS BOLLMAN'S EXPERIENCE.

"Some time ago I was in a very weak condition, my work made me nervous and my back ached frightfully all the time, and I had terrible headaches.

"My mother got a bottle of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** for me, and it seemed to strengthen my back and help me at once, and I did not get so tired as before. I continued to take it, and it brought health and strength to me, and I want to thank you for the good it has done me."—MISS KATE BOLLMAN, 142nd St. & Wales Ave., New York City.—*$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.*

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cures because it is the greatest known remedy for kidney and womb troubles.

Every woman who is puzzled about her condition should write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and tell her all.

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This business is not an undeveloped prospect. It is a demonstrated dividend payer. This is the largest business in the world producing Men's Good Year Welt (hand sewed process) shoes, and has always been immensely profitable. The business is safe against fierce competition or panic, making it a better investment than any other industrial stock. There has not been a year in the past twelve when the business has not earned in actual cash much more than the amount necessary to pay 7% annual dividend on the preferred stock of $1,000,000.

The annual business now is $5,500,000, it is increasing very rapidly, and will equal $7,000,000 for the year 1903. The factory is now turning out 7500 pairs of shoes per day, and an addition to the plant is being built which will increase the capacity to 10,000 pairs per day. The reason I am offering the Preferred Stock for sale is to perpetuate the business.

If you wish to invest in the best shoe business in the world, which is permanent, and receive 7% on your money, you can purchase one share or more in this great business. Send money by cashier's check, certified check, express or P. O. money orders, made payable to W. L. Douglas. Certificate of stock will be sent you by return mail. Prospectus giving full information free.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

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BLACK OR YELLOW

HAZARD

"SPORTSMEN SAY THEY HAD NO IDEA GAME COULD BE KILLED AT SO GREAT A DISTANCE AS THEY HAVE AFTER USING IT BOTH WITH HAZARD SMOKELESS WHEN LOADED AS DIRECTED ON CANISTER."

GUN POWDER

LESSON IN AMERICAN HISTORY IN PUZZLE

THE INDIANS ATTACK HADLEY.

Find the Officer of King Charles.

At the attack on Hadley during King Philip's war the small army of settlers were being driven rapidly towards the meeting house by the Indians, and were becoming utterly demoralized when there suddenly appeared among them a stranger, an old man, tall and with flowing white hair and beard. He took command of the panic-stricken people, brought order out of chaos, drove back the Indians, and then disappeared as suddenly as he had come. Later it was learned that he was Gen. Goffe, one of the major generals under Cromwell, who was in hiding from the officers of King Charles II. at the house of a friend in Hadley.

SHE GOT THE CHAIRS.

Not Large. But a Woman of Nerve, and She Gave a Human Hog a Much-Needed Lesson.

There was a camp chair hog on a down-the-river excursion boat one afternoon who is probably going to be less porcine the next time he goes riding on a boat, relates the Washington Post.

The boat was crowded, for it was a Saturday afternoon. The camp chair hog was a very big and very fierce-looking individual. He had reached the boat early and, for his own use, he had snaked no less than three of the camp chairs from the pile on the afterdeck. He put the three camp chairs down in the best and shadiest positions on the afterdeck. On one one of them he deposited a paper wrapped bundle that he had brought along with him. On another he deposited his person. On the third he deposited his legs. Thus this camp chair hog's little swinish game was all set.

The boat began to load up pretty rapidly, every car dumping a large crowd of folks intending to make the journey. Ten minutes before the boat was due to pull out all of the camp chairs, benches and stools were exhausted, and disappointed men and women were running hither and yon, looking for places to sit down. Not a few of them cast rather peculiar glances at the camp chair hog as they passed near him. The people sitting in the vicinity of the hog spent most of their time glaring at him, and, as a matter of course, they all hated him with a vindictive hatred.

Several times timid-looking men walked up to the camp chair hog, and, gazing longingly at the three seats, inquired weakly:

"Are all of these engaged, sir?"

"Yep," the hog replied in each case, "they are."

Two or three stout women, with wrath in their eyes, approached him and submitted the same question to him, and they received the same identical reply. They walked away flushed and angry, muttering.

All the time, leaning against the starboard rail, a little bit of a black-eyed woman, standing alongside a huge, good-natured looking man, watched the camp chair hog. She never took her flashing, beady, black eyes from him. She never moved, but she just watched. Her fingers twitched a good deal, and she shook her head several times and muttered something in an undertone to the big man, apparently her husband, standing alongside of her, but she didn't move. When she spoke to her husband and nodded in the direction of the camp chair hog, he only shook his head, as much as to say, "I'm going to keep out of trouble."

When the boat began to pull out and nobody appeared to join the camp chair hog, the little bit of a black-eyed woman was, of course, convinced that he had reserved those three chairs unto himself. She was fair enough to wait until the boat pulled out to find out if he had any party of two to join him.

The boat was just headed down stream when she quietly walked over to the camp chair hog's station.

With one hand she calmly tossed the package off the chair which the hog had reserved for his occupancy, and with the other she suddenly jerked the chair from beneath the hog's legs. Then, tightly clutching the two chairs, she leaned over to the camp chair hog and hissed square in his face:

"Now, you common, onnery, lubberly hog, you, if you so much as open your hoggish mouth to me there's a man on this boat, and not far away, who will beat you to death, as you well deserve to be!"

She still leaned over to wait for him to make some reply. But he wasn't replying. He wasn't saying a word. The little black-eyed woman got a good grip on both chairs and marched with them over to where her husband stood pulling his mustache and grinning.

And as she did so the handclapping that broke out among those people on the afterpart of that boat was of the kind that you hear on the ball grounds when one of the players on the home nine makes a three-bagger.

The camp chair hog stooped and picked up his dislodged package and slouched forward, amid the jeers of the men and women who had studied his moves, and the result thereof, from the beginning.

VALUABLE SOUVENIRS.

Crazy Quilt, Owned in St. Louis, That Is Made Up of Contributions from Famous People.

Through the efforts of J. E. Crumbaugh, who had charge of the Missouri exhibits at Omaha, Buffalo and Chraleston expositions, the directors of the Columbia fair secured for exhibition purposes at this year's fair, which was held the first part of August, a curious and valuable quilt. The quilt is valued at $3,000, and contains more than 200 pieces of goods cut from dresses and neckties worn by famous women and men. These letters themselves form a rare collection, which it would be impossible to duplicate, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Among the contributors to this unique quilt are the following: Alice and Phoebe Cary, John G. Whittier, Ouida, Louisa M. Alcott, Jean Ingelow, Mark Twain, Elizabeth Stuart Phelps, Charles Egbert Craddock, Oliver Wendell Holmes, William Black, Henry Ward Beecher, W. D. Howells, Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, Gen. Lew Wallace, Paderewski, Patti, Rose Cleveland, Mary Curtis Lee, Mrs. Tom Thumb, Mrs. R. E. Lee, Gen. U. S. Grant, Gen. John A. Logan, Gen. J. C. Fremont, Gen. W. S. Rosecrans, Gen. Stirling Price, Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, Grover Cleveland, John G. Carlisle, G. G. Vest, Mrs. James K. Polk, Mrs. Jefferson Davis, Gen. Joe Wheeler, Joseph Jefferson, Thomas W. Keene, Sol Smith Russell, Fanny Davenport, Julia Marlowe and Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

The contributions of Gen. Lew Wallace and several others were in the form of indelible autographs on silk. Some of the singers sent pieces embroidered with bars of some famous songs. One of the pieces, embroidered in gold, was cut from the dress of the queen of Delhi at the time her palace was looted during the Sepoy rebellion.

This quilt is the property of Mr. R. M. Yost, of St. Louis. The pieces composing it were collected by him and his wife during 16 years of travel about the world.

The College Professor.

"Has that college professor you called my attention to the other day made any new breaks?"

"Nothing especially new. I believe he said yesterday that Homer was a wretched plagiarist who never existed, and that little children should be encouraged to use epithets because they give life and vigor to the most monotonous diction." — Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Australian Whistling Moth.

A whistling moth is an Australian rarity. There is a glassy space on the wings, crossed with ribs. When the moth wants to whistle it strikes these ribs with its antennae, which have a knob at the end. The sound is a love-call from the male to the female.—Nature.

Rural English Marriage Custom.

It is the custom in parts of rural water over the threshold after a England to have the cook pour hot bridal couple has passed out, in order to keep it warm for another bride.—N. Y. Sun.

WORD FOR WORD.

The Reporters Complied to the Letter with the Wishes of the Speaker.

It is not a new plaint among legislative and other loquacious bodies that the shorthand report is not all that it should be, but if the reporter's side is less frequently presented it is not because there is nothing to be said. A member of a committee found fault, so the Christian Endeavor World says, with the way their speeches were reported; his own, in particular, were scarcely recognizable when seen in print.

He did not want his speeches "cut," neither did he want them embroidered. He wanted them to come out in the paper exactly as he made them. So did the member who spoke next, whereupon the shorthand writers retaliated, with this telling result

"The reporters—ought not to—the reporters ought not to be the ones to judge of what is important—not to say what should be left out—but—the member can only judge of what is important. As I—as my speech—as—as the reports—as what I say is reported sometimes, no one—nobody can understand from the reports—what it is—what I mean. So—it strikes me—it has struck me certain matters—things that appear of importance—are sometimes left out—omitted. The reporter—the papers—points are reported—I mean—to make a brief statement—what the paper thinks of interest—is reported."

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Where It Originated.

Robbins—I didn't think you had any idea of marrying the widow.

Newlywed—I didn't; it was an idea of hers.—Smart Set.

What's the secret of happy, vigorous health? Simply keeping the bowels, the stomach, the liver and kidneys strong and active. Burdock Blood Bitters does it.

"Dar's no good in kickin' case every rose hab its thorn," said Uncle Eben. "Ef dar was only jes' thorns wifout no roses, it 'ud be sumpin' sho' 'nough to complain about."—Washington Star.

"Dr. August Koenig's Hamburg Breast Tea," writes Mr. F. Batsch, of Horicon, Wis., "enabled me to get rid of an obstinate cough; we feel very grateful to the discoverer of this medicine."

As far as this world is concerned, a spotless character is often worth less than the ability to arrange the spots artistically.—Puck.

Years of suffering relieved in a night. Itching piles yield at once to the curative properties of Doan's Ointment. Never fails. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Dress does not make the woman, but it often breaks the husband.—Chicago Daily News.

Putnam Fadeless Dyes produce the brightest and fastest colors.

Fortune can take away riches but not courage.—Seneca.

Nothing is more reasonable and cheap than good manners.—South.

Honor comes by diligence; riches spring from economy.—J. F. Davis.

That man is worthless who knows how to receive a favor, but not how to return one.—Plautus.

Some people have a mania for saying smart things that make other people smart—Chicago Daily News.

"Hello, central!" cried a St. Louis man at the 'phone, "give me the gas office." "Yes, sir," replied the operator, "but I must warn you in confidence that we cannot tolerate any bad language over the wire."

"Now, then, children," said the teacher, who had been commenting upon polar expeditions, "who can tell me what fierce animals inhabit the regions of the north pole?" "Polecats," shouted the boy at the foot of the class.—Philadelphia Press.

Constable—"What, sir! Dae ye suggest that I wad tak' a bribe? Dae ye dare to insult me, sir?" The Erring One—"Oh, excuse me, I really—" Constable—"Bit now, supposin' I wis that kind o' a mon, how much wid ye be inclined to gi'e?"—Glasgow Times.

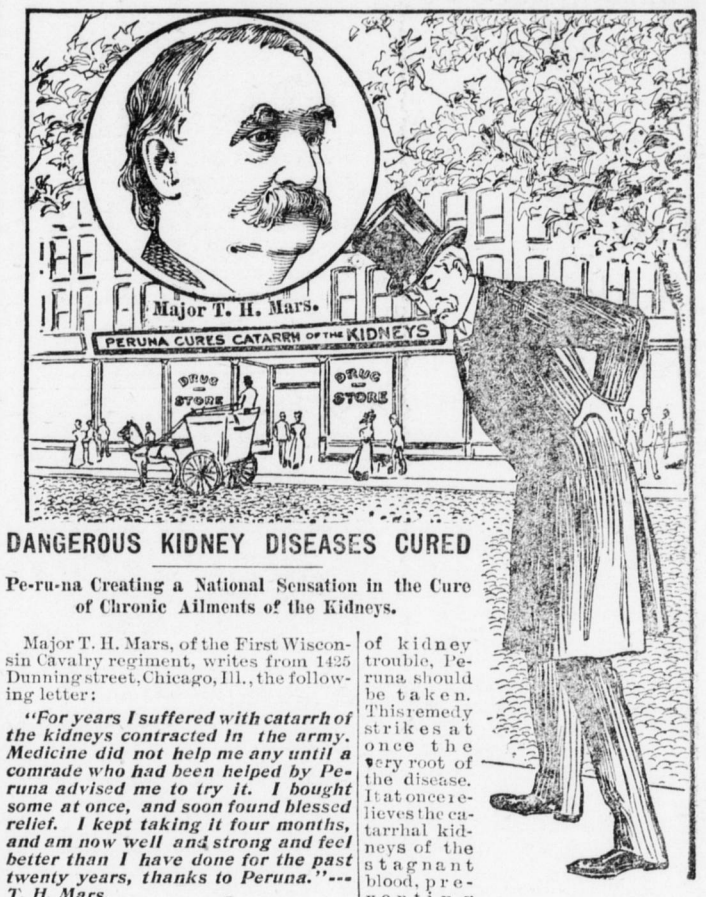
Confidence.—"Do you think son will stand at the head of his class?" asked Mrs. Corntossel. "Well," answered her husband, "I did have my doubts. But sence seein' him practice with the football team, I reckon he will. Ef Josh starts fur the head o' the class he'll get there, or somebody'll get hurt in the scuffle."—Washington Star.

A Woman's View.

"Think of it, my dear," said Mr. Closefist, lying down his newspaper, "there are more than two thousand million dollars in circulation in this country."

"Is that so?" replied his wife, cheerfully. "Well, judging from the difficulty I always experience in getting you to give me a quarter, I thought there wasn't more than $3.50 in the whole world."—Comfort.

PE-RU-NA CURES CATARRH OF KIDNEYS EVERY TIME.



DANGEROUS KIDNEY DISEASES CURED

Pe-ru-na Creating a National Sensation in the Cure of Chronic Ailments of the Kidneys.

Major T. H. Mars, of the First Wisconsin Cavalry regiment, writes from 1425 Dunning street, Chicago, Ill., the following letter:

"For years I suffered with catarrh of the kidneys contracted in the army. Medicine did not help me any until a comrade who had been helped by Peruna advised me to try it. I bought some at once, and soon found blessed relief. I kept taking it four months, and am now well and strong and feel better than I have done for the past twenty years, thanks to Peruna."—T. H. Mars.

Mr. John Vance, of Hartford City, Ind., says: "My kidney trouble is much better. I have improved so much that everybody wants to know what medicine I am using. I recommend Peruna to everybody and some have commenced to use it. The folks all say that if Dr. Hartman's medicine cures me it must be great."—John Vance.

Mr. J. Brake, of Petrolea, Ontario, Canada, writes: "Four years ago I had a severe attack of Bright's disease, which brought me so low the doctor said nothing more could be done for me. I began to take Peruna and Manalin, and in three months I was a well man, and have continued so ever since."—J. Brake.

At the appearance of the first symptom of kidney trouble, Peruna should be taken. This remedy strikes at once the very root of the disease. It at once relieves the catarrhal kidneys of the stagnant blood, preventing the escape of serum from the blood Peruna stimulates the kidneys to excrete from the blood the accumulating poison, and thus prevents the convulsions which are sure to follow if the poisons are allowed to remain. It gives great vigor to the heart's action and digestive system, both of which are apt to fail rapidly in this disease.

Peruna cures catarrh of the kidneys simply because it cures catarrh wherever located.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

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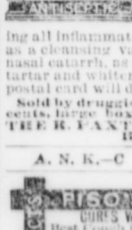

To prove the healing and cleansing power of **Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic** we will mail a large trial package with book of instructions **absolutely free.** This is not a tiny sample, but a large package, enough to convince anyone of its value. Women all over the country are praising Paxtine for what it has done in **local treatment of female ills,** curing all inflammation and discharges, wonderful as a cleansing vaginal douche, for sore throat, nasal catarrh, as a mouth wash, and to remove tartar and whiten the teeth. Send to-day; a postal card will do.

Sold by druggists or sent postpaid by us, 50 cents, large box. Satisfaction guaranteed. THE R. PAXTON CO., 201 Columbus Av., Boston, Mass.

A. N. K.—C 1942

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

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Meldrum &
Anderson Co.

BUFFALO, N. Y.

396-408 Main Street,

New Cloaks, Skirts and Suits

The most magnificent collection of the finest Cloaks and Suits and Misses' Coats which our buyer was able to find in New York has been placed on sale. They are of the most favored materials, cut in the newest styles and the tailoring is of the highest type. All lists and prices read pretty much alike—it is comparison with other goods and workmanship that tells the story. We promise the best values that can be had for the money.

Walking Suits, upward from..... $15.00
Tailor Suits, upward from $12.00
Shirt-Waist Dresses, $15.00 to..... $45.00

SKIRTS.

Walking Skirts with slot and strap seams fancy stitching, black, blue, grey and brown with perfect hang, $4.75 to $15.00
Dress Skirts in immense quantities, silk, $12 to $35.00
Cloth, $5.00 to..... $28.00

We claim to have the best cloth Skirt for the money ever shown in Buffalo for..... $7.50

CLOAKS AND JACKETS.

Cloth Jackets, half fitting Coats and Monte Carlos, $7.50 to $35.00

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The American Block,

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Safe Cure Immediate Relief. Red Cross For Woman's

Tansy Pills

$100 per box

Mailed to Any Address in Plain Packages.

Vin De Cinchona Co. 612 Locust St. DesMoines, Ia.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR THE RED CROSS BOOKLET. (MAILED FREE.)
MONEY REFUNDED IF NOT AS WE SAY
L. Taggart.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For Sale in Emporium, by R. C. Dodson.—12ly

A MAN

becomes languid, irritable and despondent, through loss of nerve vigor. Life seems a mockery. The courage, force, vigor and action which characterize full-blooded men, are lacking.

Sexine Pills

have kindled the light of hope in many a man's face. They bring vigor to the weak and ambition to the despondent.

They permanently check the weakening drains, feed the nerves, enrich the blood and make men over generally.

$1.00 per box; 6 boxes $5.00. With a $5.00 order we issue a written guarantee to refund the money if no cure be effected. Book free. PEAL MEDICINE Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by R.C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa. 51

DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN CURES INDIGESTION.

In each pound package of

Lion Coffee

from now until Christmas will be found a free game, amusing and instructive—50 different kinds.

Get Lion Coffee and a Free Game at Your Grocers.

☞ BOOK MAILED FREE.

A. A. CURES FEVERS, Congestions, Inflammations, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
B. B. CURES SPRAINS, Lameness, Injuries, Rheumatism.
C. C. CURES SORE THROAT, Quinsy, Epizootic, Distemper.
D. D. CURES WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. CURES COUGHS, Colds, Influenza, Inflamed Lungs, Pleuro-Pneumonia.
F. F. CURES COLIC, Bellyache, Wind-Blown, Diarrhea, Dysentery.
G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions, Ulcers, Grease, Farcy.
J. K. CURES BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat, Indigestion, Stomach Staggers.

60c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Streets, New York.

Soft Harness

You can make your harness as soft as a glove and as tough as wire by using EUREKA Harness Oil. You can lengthen its life—make it last twice as long as it ordinarily would.

EUREKA Harness Oil

makes a poor looking harness like new. Made of pure, heavy bodied oil, especially prepared to withstand the weather.

Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes.

Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. It prevents formation of gas on the stomach, relieving all distress after eating. Dieting unnecessary. Pleasant to take.

It can't help but do you good

Prepared only by E. C. DeWITT & Co., Chicago. The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

R. C. Dodson, Emporium.

MOST IN QUANTITY. BEST IN QUALITY.

WORMS!

WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE

FOR 20 YEARS

Has led all WORM Remedies.

EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

Prepared by RICHARDSON MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS.

For sale by L. Taggart 21y.

KIDNEY DISEASES

are the most fatal of all diseases.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE Is a Guaranteed Remedy

or money refunded. Contains remedies recognized by eminent physicians as the *best* for Kidney and Bladder troubles.

PRICE 50c. and $1.00.

L. Taggart, Emporium, Pa. 36 28.

Madam French Female Pills. Dean's

A safe, certain relief for Suppressed Menstruation, Never known to fail. Safe! Sure! Speedy! Satisfaction Guaranteed or money Refunded. Sent prepaid for $1.00 per box. Will send them on trial, to be paid for when relieved. Samples Free.

UNITED MEDICAL CO., BOX 74, LANCASTER, PA.

Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart and R. C Dodson.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

What Money Can Do.

Struckoyle (showing his art collection)—Ain't that bullfight picture a beaut? I paid an artist $2,000 to paint that for me to order.

Cutting—Well, well! It's surprising what some men will do for money, isn't it?—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Considerate.

Sandy—Yer say dat lady was considerate dat threw de boilin' water on yer?

Cinders—Cert! In dese days of germs and microbes she was considerate to boil it before she threw it.—Philadelphia Record.

No Fight.

"Did you know that your political antagonist had cast reflections on your truth and veracity?"

"Yes."

"What are you going to do about it?"

"Nothing. My pride forbids me to fight any one except a gentleman, and a man who calls another a liar is no gentleman."—Washington Star.

Three Letters.

Gayboy—A fellow can't be too careful about his letters to women.

Henpeck—That's right. A woman got three letters from me once that have kept me in hot water ever since.

Gayboy—You don't mean it?

Henpeck—Fact. They were "Y-e-s."—Philadelphia Press.

Another Keyboard to Be Learned.

"Oh," despairingly exclaimed the typewriter girl who was taking her first lesson on the piano, "I don't believe I can ever learn to operate it. The keyboard's so different!"—Chicago Tribune.

From nettle fiber a thread has been produced so fine that a length of sixty miles of it weighs but two and a half pounds.

Beliefs About the Earth.

Newton, the great Sir Isaac, surmised, although he could give no reason for the conclusions he had reached, that in the course of time the earth would become perfectly dry. Others, mostly De Verne, Professor A. L. Hamilton and the younger Lysander, all believed that eventually the earth would become as dry as the proverbial chip. Even in this day and age the theory has many adherents.

One Mfnute Cough Cure.

Is the only harmless cough cure that gives quick relief. Cures Coughs, Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough Pheumonia, Asthma, LaGrippe and all Throat, Chest and Lung troubles. I got soaked by rain, says Gertrude E. Fenner, Muncie, Ind., and contracted a severe cold and cough. I failed rapidly; lost 48 lbs. My druggist recommended One Minute Cough Cure. The first bottle brought relief several cured me. I am back to my old weight, 148 lbs, One Minute Cough cuts the phlegm, relieves the cough at once, draws out inflamation, cures croup. An ideal remedy for children.

When a man lives in God's presence he will not need to boast of it.

A Thanksgiving Dinner.

Heavy eating is usually the cause of indigesion. Repeated attacts inflame the mucous membranes lining of the stomach, exposes the nerves of the stomach, producing a swelling after eating, heartburn, headache, sour risings and finally catarrh of the stomach. Kodol relieves the inflammation, protects the nerves and cures the catarrh. Kodol cures indigestion, dyspepsia, all stomach troubles by cleansing and sweeting the glands of the stomach. R. C. Dodson.

A man's thinking powers will be in inverse ratio to his drinking powers.

Cured of Piles After 40 Years.

Mr. C. Haney, of Geneva, Ohio, had the piles for forty years. Doctors and dollars could do him no lasting good. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured him permanently. Invaluable for cuts, burns, bruises, sprains, lacerations, eczema, tetter, salt rheum, and all other skin diseases. Look for the name DeWitt on the package—all others are cheap, worthless counterfeits. R. C. Dodson.

The Savior's love for the world is the cure for sinful love of the world.

Quinine for Colds.

Many people use quinine for the cure of colds say that the effect of this drug is more disagreeable than the disease. Krause's Cold Cure is prepared in convenient capsule form, and will cure the most deeply seated cold in 24 hours without any interruption to business. They are pleasant to take and give you a clear, fresh sensation while operating. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart.

Fashion may hide the scars but it cannot heal the disease of sin.

Heller's Testimony.

Albert Heller, living at 1114 Farnham St., Omaha, says: "I have tried most everything that is used as a preventive or cure for headache, but nothing did me so much good as Krause's Headache Capsules. Others who have used them say the same thing." Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart.

While there are freights of duty no vessel needs ballast of care.

For Female Complaints

and diseases arising from an impure state of the blood Lichty's Celery Nerve Compound is an invaluable specific. Sold by L. Taggart.

EXCURSION NOTICES.

One-way Colonist Tickets.

On the first and third Tuesday of each month until April 30, 1903, one-way second class Colonist tickets will be sold by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway from Chicago to points in South Dakota, North Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Eastern Colorado, Texas, Oklahoma, Indian Territory and Southwestern Missouri, at about one-half regular rates, 37-2t-No.-2t-Dec.

Round-trip Home-Seeker's Tickets.

During the same period round-trip Homeseeker's excursion tickets will be sold by the Chicago, Melwaukee & St. Paul Railway on the first and third Tuesday of each month, good to return within 21 days from date of sale, to many points in Iowa, Minnesota and South Dakota, North Dakota and other western and southwestern states.

For further information apply to any coupon ticket agent, or address John R. Pott, District Passenger Agent, Room D Park Bldg., Pittsburg, Pa. 37-2t-No.-2t-Dec.

The St. Louis Calender For 1903.

Six sheets 10x15 inches, of beautiful reproductions, in colors, of pastel drawings by Bryson, is now ready for distribution and will be mailed on receipt of twenty-five (25) cents—coin or stamps, Addrsss F. A. Miller, General Passenger Agent, Chicago. 37-2t.

When a preacher tries to be pope he is more dangerous than the priest.

If you are bilious and seeking advisers,
Take DeWitt's Little Early Risers.
Just before going to bed.
You will find on the morrow,
You are rid of your sorrow—
That's all; just enough said.

These famous pills do not gripe, but move the bowels gently and easily, cleansing, the liver. Their tonic effect gives strength to the glands, preventing a return of the disorder. R. C. Dodson.

You can look the county over, and you will not find a more complete, up-to-date line of GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

OUR

Fall and Winter Stock

is now in, and ready for your inspection.

DRY GOODS,
HEAVY ALL-WOOL SKIRTINGS,
READY-MADE SKIRTS,
LADIES WAISTS, ETC.

Our Notion department is full of new things, and lots of bargains. We have added

MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTHS' OVER COATS AND READY MADE SUITS.

J. E. SMITH,

Sterling Run, Pa.

The *Elliott*

COMMERCIAL SCHOOLS

want to send you their catalog and circulars. If you can not attend one of our schools now,

WE CAN TEACH YOU

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Address "The Elliott School," at Wheeling, Charleston, Fairmont, or Clarksburg, W. Va. W. B. ELLIOTT, Pres't.

HARPER WHISKY

Famous at home for Generations past; Famous now all over the World.

For sale by

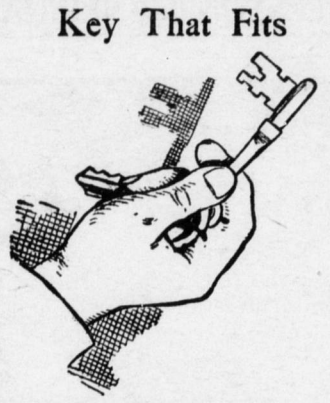
M. J. DOLAN.

PILES A cure guaranteed if you use RUDY'S PILE Suppository

D. Matt. Thompson, Supt. Graded Schools, Statesville, N. C., writes: "I can say they do all you claim for them." Dr. S. M. Devore, Raven Rock, W. Va., writes: "They give universal satisfaction." Dr. H. D. Mottill, Clarksburg, Tenn., writes: "In a practice of 25 years, I have found no remedy to equal yours." Price, 50 Cents. Samples Free. Sold by Druggists. MARTIN RUDY, LANCASTER, PA.

Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart and R. C. Dodson. Call for free sample.

Key That Fits



"Half my patients need more iron," said "our doctor."

Iron makes rich, red blood. Yet it is very hard to give iron so it will do any good.

There are thousands of keys in the world—only one or two unlock your door. So we know of only one or two combinations of iron that seem to do the work.

By far the most generally useful prescription we know of is Vinol.

It has helped a great many cases in this town.

It contains the medicinal qualities of cod liver oil, iron-that-can-be-digested, and a little table wine.

It works wonders in weak women, pale children, old people, and any run-down condition. Money back if you want it.

L. TAGGART,
DRUGGIST.

Mail Orders Supplied $1 per Bottle Express Paid.

Consult Your Interests

AND SAVE BIG MONEY BY ORDERING NOW

YOUR FALL SUIT

AT

R. SEGER & COMPANY'S.

We handle nothing but the very best fabrics and on this together with first-class fit and workmanship we have built up the large patronage we enjoy.

Come in and see us.

R. SEGER & CO.

Opposite M. E. Church.

We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign

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C. A. SNOW & CO.

OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE. WASHINGTON, D. C.

Fall and Winter Announcement.

Our stock of Fall and Winter Dry Goods is now complete. We have a nice line of heavy goods for Jacket suits, and also several pieces of heavy goods for rainy-day skirts.

A full line of Ladies Wrappers for fall and winter in calico, percale and flannelette, sizes 32 to 44, from $1.00 to $1.85 each.

We have a large stock of white and colored all wool blankets and the prices are very low for the grade of goods.

Our stock of mercerized satin under skirts is complete. These skirts are made of the best material that can be bought for the price, and are not a back number. They are going rapidly. Do not wait until they are nearly all gone before looking them over. Prices, $1.00, $1.35, $2.00 and $2.35 These prices are special for this lot.

Have just received a shipment of ladies belts. The latest in black and colors. Prices, 25c, 50c and $1.00 each. Also a lot of new applique trimming in black and white.

While in our store ask to see the

Lansdown Waist Patterns.

Our custom made Clothing is giving the greatest satisfaction, as is attested by the increased business we are doing in this line. We guarantee the fit and can save you from 10 to 25% on your clothing.

G. B. HOWARD & COMPANY.

C. G. SCHMIDT'S,

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Popular Bakery,

FRESH BREAD,
PIES,
FANCY CAKES,
ICE CREAM,
NUTS

CONFECTIONERY

Daily Delivery.

All orders given prompt and skillfulattention.